

2011 Census Briefing Note 6: January 2013

Produced by Environment & Enterprise



2011 CENSUS SECOND RELEASE: HARROW BOROUGH PROFILE (PART 1)

On 11th December 2012 the Office for National Statistics (ONS) published Key Statistics and Quick Statistics for local authorities in England and Wales from the 2011 Census. This release marks the beginning of the release of detailed information about the characteristics of the people living in England and Wales on 27th March 2011.

In this paper you will find summary tables for Harrow based on the recently published Key and Quick Statistics tables, together with comparative data from the 2001 Census, where possible. In addition Harrow's ranks, both national and within London, are also shown for each of the indicators. The first part of the paper draws out a large number of key facts for Harrow, based on the accompanying tables in Appendix A. See [2011 Census Briefing Note 5](#) which also contains some headline statistics for Harrow, based on these datasets.

Some of the categories included in the published Key Statistics and Quick Statistics tables have changed between the two censuses, so direct comparisons are not always possible. For example, new tables have been introduced such as 'National Identity', 'Passports Held' and 'Household Language', while new categories such as 'Same-sex Civil Partnership' and a detailed breakdown of ethnic groups have also been included in 2011. Some of these categories are broadly comparable, so where this is the case comparisons have been included with explanatory notes.

The tables included in this paper form Part 1 of the Harrow Borough Profile which will be updated with the release of further data by the ONS.

KEY FACTS FOR HARROW, FROM THE 2011 CENSUS SECOND RELEASE (11TH DECEMBER 2012)

Note: Nationally refers to England & Wales, with 348 local authorities, including London Boroughs, unitary authorities and districts.

Figures have largely been rounded to the nearest ten

Usual Resident Population

- Harrow has a usual resident population of 239,056, 32,242 (15.6%) higher than the 2001 Census. The increase is higher than the national increase of 7.9 per cent and London's, at 14 per cent.

- 49.4 per cent of residents are males and 50.6 per cent are females, almost matching the national profile. In Harrow, the overall percentage of males has increased since 2001. The 2001 census showed that there were 7,000 more men than women in Harrow; this gap has now narrowed to just 3,000.
- There are over 1,000 (33.6%) more school children or students who live away from home during term-time, compared to 2001. With 4,250 'students' living away, Harrow is ranked 4th in London and 15th nationally.

Population Density

- Harrow is one of the more densely populated of all local and unitary authorities in England, ranked 23rd out of 326 local authorities in England; where 1st is the most densely populated area. Harrow is ranked 21st in London.
- The average density in Harrow is 47.4 persons per hectare (pph), with higher rates in most wards to the south of the borough (the exception is Harrow on the Hill)
- Nationally the average density is 3.7 pph and London's overall density is 52 pph
- Wealdstone is the borough's most densely populated ward, with an average density of 96 persons per hectare, more than twice the borough average
- The six LSOAs showing the highest density changes all coincide with areas where there have been significant amounts of new development over the past decade i.e. the redevelopment of RAF Stanmore Park; Stanmore Place in Honeypot Lane; Wealdstone and Harrow town centres; and housing developments on Northolt Road and off Stanley Road in South Harrow.
- Over the decade Harrow's overall population density has increased by 6.4 persons per hectare

Age Structure

- Looking at the borough's population in three broad age groups, 0-15 (children), 16-64 (working age) and 65+ (older people) there is little change in the proportions of these groups over the decade:
 0-15: 48,060, 20.1% (20.15% in 2001) - 18.8% nationally, 19.8% London
 16-64: 157,330, 65.8% (65.36% in 2001) - 64.6% nationally, 69% London
 65+: 33,670, 14.1% (14.47% in 2001) - 16.6% nationally, 11.1% London
- Over the decade the population of Harrow's 0-15 group increased by 15.3 per cent; the 16-64 group increased by 16.4 per cent; and the population of the 65+ age group increased by 12.5 per cent
- Some of Harrow's population groups increased at far higher rates: children aged 0-4 increased by 32.4 per cent (3,900); the 20-24 age group increased by 23.5 per cent (3,050); the 25-29 age group by 23 per cent (3,620); and the 60-64 age group increased by 27.3 per cent (2,580)
- Harrow is ranked high in London for the proportion of: young people aged 10-14 (9th); 15 year olds (8th) and 16-17 year olds (3rd). Similarly for older people Harrow's ranks within London are: 65-74 years olds (5th); 75-84 year olds (5th); 85-89 year olds (7th) and aged 90+ (8th).
- The median age in Harrow is 36 years, younger than the national median age of 39 years, but older than London's median age of 33

Marital and Civil Partnership Status

- Harrow has a very high percentage of married couples. 53.7 per cent of residents (aged 16+) are in a marriage, above the national level of 46.6 per cent, and ranks Harrow 1st in London. There was a 25 per cent increase in the number of married people living in Harrow over the decade.
- Correspondingly the borough has lower levels of people with other marital and civil partnership status
- Harrow is ranked last (33rd) in London for single people never married or registered in a same-sex civil partnership; 31st for people living in a registered same-sex civil partnership; 31st for separated; last for divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved; last for cohabiting couples

Household Composition

- There was a 6.5 per cent (5,150) increase in the number of households in Harrow between 2001 and 2011, from 79,112 in 2001 to 84,268 in 2011
- Greenhill ward has seen the biggest increase in the number of households over the decade with 880 additional households (+21.6%), followed by Marlborough ward (670 households, +18.3%) and Canons ward (590 households, +13.9%)
- Harrow has the second lowest proportion of one-person households nationally, with 22.6 per cent of households being one-person (26.2% in 2001). The national average rate is 26 per cent.
- 10.7 per cent of Harrow's households are comprised of one-person aged 65 and over living alone, compared to 8.2 per cent nationally
- 36.3 per cent of households in Harrow have dependent children (above the national level of 29.1%), with Harrow ranked 1st in London for married couples with dependent children. Included within this general category of households with dependent children are Other households with dependent children (eg extended families), accounting for 7 per cent of all of Harrow's households, ranking Harrow 4th in London.

Adults not in Employment and Dependent Children and Persons with Long-term Health Problem or Disability for all Households

- In 3,675 (4.4%) of Harrow's households there are no adults in employment, and with dependent children, ranking Harrow 24th in London, but in the top third nationally. This is a 3.5 per cent (130) fall compared to ten years previously. Nationally the level is just below Harrow's rate, at 4.2 per cent.
- 22 per cent (18,790) of households are comprised of adults not in employment, but no dependent children, down from 26 per cent (20,610) in 2001
- In 6 per cent (5,040) of Harrow's households one person has a limiting long-term health problem or disability and there are dependent children. This gives Harrow a 6th place ranking in London and 20th nationally, and is a higher level than the national rate of 4.7 per cent.

Lone Parents with Dependent Children

- A 25.3 per cent increase over the decade, from 4,410 to 5,530
- 43.5 per cent of lone parents are not in employment, ranking Harrow 73rd nationally, but 26th in London. Nationally the level is 40.6 per cent.
- 92 per cent of Harrow's lone parents are female and 8 per cent are male. In 2001 9 per cent of lone parents were male.

Ethnic Group

- 30.9 per cent (73,830) of Harrow's residents are White British, ranking Harrow fourth lowest nationally. This population group has fallen by 28.5 per cent in Harrow over the decade. The national level for this group is 80.5 per cent.
- The GLA's 2011 Census Ethnic Diversity Indices¹ show that Harrow is ranked 7th nationally for ethnic diversity (based on the 18 ethnic group classification), with a score of 5.27. Boroughs ranked higher are Newham (9.27), Brent (8.68), Ealing (6.44), Redbridge (5.69), Waltham Forest (5.61) and Hackney (5.44). Diversity indices measure the number of different/distinct groups present in the population and the sizes of these distinct groups relative to each other.
- Harrow's Indian group is the borough's largest minority ethnic group, with a population of 63,050 (26.4%), ranking Harrow 2nd nationally, after Leicester. In 2001 21.9 per cent of Harrow's residents were of Indian origin, showing a 39.2 per cent increase since 2001.
- Other Asian groups account for 11.3 per cent of Harrow's residents, with a top ranking nationally. Sri Lankans are the largest population group in this category in Harrow, but Afghans and residents from Nepal will also be recorded here.
- 8.2 per cent of Harrow's residents are categorised in the Other White group, the second largest ethnic grouping nationally, with 4.4 per cent of the total population. This group comprises people from a large variety of backgrounds.
- The Other Black category has shown the biggest percentage increase (369%) in Harrow since 2001, rising from 930 in 2001 to 4,370 (1.8%) in 2011. This may partly be due to larger numbers of residents using this 'write-in' box in response to this question, rather than simply ticking the African or Caribbean options. Over 1,000 Somali/Somalilanders used this option and the number of people who wrote 'Black-British' increased from 730 to 1,920 in 2011.
- Write-in answers showed that: 1.8 per cent (4,200) of Harrow's residents are Afghans (3rd highest ranking nationally); 1.5 per cent (3,550) are Polish (47th ranking nationally); 1.9 per cent (4,480) are Other Eastern Europeans (ranked 5th nationally); 12,410 (5.2%) are Sri Lankans (ranked 1st nationally); and 2,850 (1.2%) are Tamils (ranked 1st nationally). 1,010 (0.5%) residents wrote in Somalia or Somaliland, but other residents from these countries may have simply ticked Black-African as their ethnic group preference.
- 57.2 per cent (48,160) of all households are comprised of residents of the same ethnic group, the 3rd highest ranking in London and just below the national level of 61.1 per cent

¹ This analysis uses the Simpson's Diversity Index to measure ethnic diversity at local authority level for all 18 ethnic group categories for which data is available

- 9.4 per cent (7,930) of Harrow's households are made up of partnerships of different ethnic groups, a 20 per cent increase since 2001

National Identity

This was a new question in the 2011 Census and respondents were able to tick all categories that applied (English, Welsh, Scottish, Northern Irish, British, and a 'write-in' answer box)

- Harrow is ranked top nationally for the highest proportion of residents who just considered themselves to be British, at 41.6 per cent (99,540). The overall national level is 19.1 per cent.
- 68,770 (28.8%) of residents only ticked English as their national identity
- 21.5 per cent (51,515) solely used the 'write-in' box to state another national identity only, above the national average of 8.1 per cent and ranking Harrow 22nd nationally

Country of Birth

- 55.2 per cent (132,010) of Harrow's residents were born in the UK, the 6th lowest ranking nationally. In 2001 the corresponding percentage was 67 per cent. Nationally the 2011 Census showed that 86.6 per cent of usual residents were born in the UK.
- European Union (EU) Accession countries (April 2001 to March 2011) are the country of birth for 11,265 (4.7%) residents, the 18th highest ranking nationally and more than twice the national average of 2 per cent
- Other EU countries (including Ireland) are the birthplace of a further 4.7 per cent (11,130) of residents, twice the national average of 2.3 per cent
- 35.4 per cent (84,655) of residents were born elsewhere - the 4th highest ranking nationally and nearly four times the national average of 9 per cent

The more detailed outputs show:

- An 18.8 per cent fall in the number of residents born in Ireland, but Harrow is ranked 7th nationally for Ireland as a country of birth (4,950 residents, 2.1%)
- Harrow is ranked top in the country for the percentage of residents born in Romania (4,780, 2%), compared to 91 people in 2001
- Big increases in the number of residents born in Poland, Lithuania and other EU Accession countries generally
- Harrow is ranked second nationally for residents who were born in Africa generally (27,900, 11.7%) and ranked first nationally for the percentage of residents born in Kenya (11,710, 4.9%) and South and Eastern Africa generally
- 10,390 (4.3%) residents were born in Sri Lanka, the highest ranking nationally, and a 98 per cent increase since 2001

Year of Arrival in UK

- 44.7 per cent (107,050) of Harrow's residents were born outside the United Kingdom

- 41 per cent (43,820) of the residents who were born outside the UK, and living in Harrow, arrived in the UK over the past decade. Nationally, and in London overall, the corresponding rate is higher, at 50 per cent and 49.2 per cent respectively.
- The remaining 59 per cent of Harrow's migrant residents settled in the UK at more regular intervals over the previous four decades, with: 10 per cent arriving between 1961 and 1970; 16 per cent between 1971 and 1980; 11 per cent between 1981 and 1990; and 18 per cent between 1991 and 2000
- Overall Harrow is ranked 2nd nationally for the percentage of residents who arrived in the UK over ten years ago (26.8% of all residents, 64,105). Harrow ranks 1st nationally for the percentage of residents who arrived in the UK between 1971 and 1980 (17,010, 7.1% of all residents), and 3rd for the percentage who arrived between 1961 and 1970 (10,690, 4.5% of all residents).

Age of Arrival in UK

- Nearly 55 per cent (58,370) of Harrow's migrant resident population were aged between 20 and 44 when they arrived in the UK, the same as the national level
- Over a quarter (26.6%, 28,490) of migrant residents were children (aged 0-15) when they arrived in the UK, below the national level of 28.7 per cent
- Only 1,180 (1.1%) of Harrow's residents were aged 65 and over when they came to the UK, above the national proportion of 0.6 per cent
- In the national rankings Harrow is ranked in the top ten of all local authorities based on the percentage of residents who were aged between 0 and 19; and from ages 45 to 89 when they arrived in the UK

Passports Held

- 94.7 per cent of Harrow's residents hold a passport, the 6th highest ranking nationally
- UK passports are held by 74.6 per cent of residents, the 11th highest ranking in London

Household Language

- In a high percentage of Harrow's households English is not the main language
- English is spoken as a main language by all people aged 16 and over in 67 per cent of Harrow's households - the 9th lowest ranking nationally and considerably lower than the national average of 91.2 per cent
- In 13.5 per cent (11,380) of Harrow's households at least one-person, but not all (aged 16+), speaks English as a main language. This percentage is the 7th highest ranking nationally.
- In 3.6 per cent (3,030) of households no adults use English as their main language, but English is the main language of at least one-person aged 3-15, the 7th highest ranking nationally

- In 15.9 per cent (13,415) of households English is not the main language of any household occupants, the 10th highest ranking nationally and much higher than the national level of 4.3 per cent

Religion

This question was a voluntary question in the 2011 Census

- Religious affiliation is very high in Harrow, with Harrow having the 2nd lowest number of residents who stated that they have no religion, after Newham. 9.6 per cent (22,870) Harrow's of respondents stated that they have no religion, compared to 24.7 per cent nationally.
- Only 6.2 per cent of residents didn't answer this question - the lowest level in London
- The GLA's Religious Diversity Indices show that Harrow is London's 2nd most religiously diverse boroughs, after Redbridge
- Christianity was identified as Harrow's most common religion with 37.3 per cent of followers (59.3% nationally), but overall there was an 8.8 per cent fall in followers since 2001. Harrow is ranked 5th lowest nationally for this indicator.
- 25.3 per cent (60,410) of Harrow's residents are Hindus, a 49 per cent increase since 2001. This is Harrow's second most common religion and the highest national ranking.
- The number of residents of Jewish faith fell by 20 per cent between censuses, but with 10,530 (4.4%) followers, Harrow is ranked 6th nationally and 4th in London
- Harrow is ranked first for people with Other Religions, with 5,945 people (2.5%), the majority being Jains (5,190) and the highest ranking nationally
- There has been a 100 per cent increase in the number of Muslims in Harrow, from 14,915 in 2001 to 29,880 (12.5%) in 2011. Islam is London's second most common religion and Harrow's third. Nationally, 4.8 per cent of people follow Islam, the second biggest group.
- Harrow has the 2nd highest ranking of Zoroastrians, after Barnet

Health & Unpaid Care

- The proportion of residents who regard their general health as good is 83.6 per cent, a similar overall level to 2001 and above the national average of 81.2 per cent. When Harrow's population increase is taken into account this percentage increased by 15.8 per cent. On this measure Harrow is ranked 18th in London.
- Conversely 16.4 per cent (39,260) of residents do not consider their health to be good, an overall increase of 14.4 per cent since 2001 and 16th ranking in London
- Very bad health was reported by 1.1 per cent of residents (1.3% nationally), accounting for 2,640 people and ranking Harrow 23rd in London
- 14.6 per cent of residents (34,850) have a limiting long-term illness or disability which limits their day-to-day activities, below the national average of 17.9 per cent and an increase of 13.2 per cent since 2001. 47 per cent of these residents' daily activities are limited a lot, ranking Harrow 17th in London.

- 10.3 per cent (24,620) of Harrow's residents provide unpaid care to others, which is the same as the national average. However, this is the 2nd highest level within London.
- 1.7 per cent (3,950) of residents provide between 20-49 hours of unpaid care per week, the 2nd highest level in London and ranked 55th nationally

Dwellings, Household Spaces and Accommodation Type

- The 2011 Census recorded 86,524 separate dwellings in Harrow
- In total there are 86,667 household spaces - more household spaces than dwellings, as there may be more than one household space at the same address
- Over two-thirds (69.3%, 60,130) of residential units are houses, below the national average of 78 per cent, but the 6th highest level in London. Although the number of houses in the borough has increased by 1,550 over the decade, in 2001 72.4 per cent of Harrow's housing units were houses.
- There has been a 21.6 per cent increase in the number of purpose-built flats since 2001, with nearly 3,500 new units since 2001

Tenure

- Home ownership is higher in Harrow (66.2%) than both nationally (64.3%) and in London (49.5%)
- Harrow is ranked 4th in London for outright home ownership and 9th for households buying with a mortgage or loan
- Over the decade, home ownership (owned outright; owned with mortgage or loan; and shared ownership) has fallen in Harrow by 6 per cent. Home ownership fell in London by 5.1 per cent, but rose by 0.8 per cent nationally.
- In Harrow, the percentage of people who own their own home outright rose by 3.1 per cent; shared ownership rose by 15.3 per cent, but there was a 13.6 per cent fall in households buying with a mortgage or loan
- Harrow's largest tenure change was in the private rented sector - the number of households living in private rented accommodated more than doubled (+106%) over the decade. 17,165 (20.4%) households now rent their home from a private landlord or letting agency (compared to around 8,300 (10.5%) in 2001). This is just below London's level of 23.7 per cent, but above the national level of 15.3 per cent.
- The 2011 Census showed that only 125 more households were living in social housing (local authority and housing association/registered social landlord [RSL]) compared to ten years ago. There was a 7 per cent fall in households renting from the local authority, but a 16 per cent increase in households renting from an RSL.

Note: Many researchers believe that the census tenure question has always been poorly answered, as a large number of people living in rented accommodation, in particular, are uncertain about who their landlord is.

Rooms, Bedrooms and Central Heating

- 98.3 per cent of Harrow's households have central heating in their homes, above both the national average of 97.3 per cent and London's level of 96.8 per cent, and ranking Harrow 1st in London
- 16.3 per cent (13,760) of Harrow's households are considered to be 'overcrowded', on the basis that they have one fewer room than required. This gives Harrow a ranking of 25th in London and 28th nationally. 'Overcrowding' based on bedrooms, shows that 8,850 (10.5%) households have one fewer bedroom than required, giving Harrow a 20th ranking in London and 22nd nationally.
- On average Harrow's households have 5.3 rooms and 2.8 bedrooms, ranking Harrow 2nd in London on both measures. Nationally households have an average of 5.4 rooms and 2.7 bedrooms.

Average Household Size

- Harrow's average household size (AHS) increased from 2.6 in 2001 to 2.8 in 2011
- Harrow has the 2nd highest AHS of all local authorities nationally, after Newham
- On a ward basis the AHS varies from a low of 2.4 in Pinner ward to a high of 3.3 in Kenton West and Queensbury wards

Car or Van Availability

- There are nearly 6,000 (6.3%) more cars (or vans) owned or available to Harrow's households since 2001
- Nationally 74.3 per cent of households have at least one car, Harrow's percentage is higher, at 76.4 per cent, but lower than the 2001 level of 77.3 per cent
- Nearly a third (27,440) of Harrow's households have two or more cars, a similar level to 2001
- Harrow's rankings within London for car ownership are high - 12th for one car; 2nd for two cars; 3rd for three cars and 6th for four or more cars

Communal Establishments

- 146 communal establishments were recorded in the borough in 2011, 24 per cent more than in 2001 (118)
- 450 (27%) more usual residents were recorded as living in Harrow's communal establishments in 2011. However, looking at the 2001 Census it is clear that Harrow School was under enumerated in the 2001 Census with only around 94 pupils (18-19 year olds) being recorded in the 2001 Census, considerably lower than the known number of pupils boarding at the school (over 800). When this is taken into account it appears that there may be fewer residents recorded as living in communal establishments in Harrow in 2011, compared to 2001.

- Nearly 58 per cent of Harrow's residents who live in communal establishments are in medical care establishments, the remaining 42 per cent can be attributed to Harrow School

Qualifications and Students

2011 and 2001 Census data on qualifications is not directly comparable. 2001 counts are based on people aged 16-74, whereas 2011 counts are for people aged 16 and over.

- A high percentage of Harrow's residents have degree level qualifications. Nearly 37 per cent (70,220) of residents aged 16 to 75, have the equivalent of a degree, ranking Harrow 38th nationally and 19th in London. Nationally this level is 27 per cent.
- In addition, 10.7 per cent (20,340) of Harrow's residents hold 'Other' qualifications, which include foreign qualifications. This level is the 12th highest level nationally and considerably higher than the national level of 5.7 per cent.
- 16.8 per cent (32,000) of residents aged 16 to 74 have no qualifications, ranking Harrow 307th nationally and 20th in London. The national level is 22.7 per cent.
- There are 12,970 students (aged 18+) living in Harrow and around a third of these are also in employment. This is approximately a 56 per cent increase since 2001.

Economic Activity

These outputs are based on residents who are aged 16 to 74

- 70.6 per cent (174,750) of Harrow's residents are economically active (in work or seeking work), 19.7 per cent higher than in 2001. This is just below London's level of 71.7 per cent, but above the national rate of 69.7 per cent.
- 37.5 per cent (65,490) of Harrow's residents work full-time, below the 2001 level of 42.3 per cent
- Within London, Harrow has a high ranking for part-time workers (7th), with 12.3 per cent (21,420) of residents, below the national average of 13.7 per cent, but above London's level of 10.9 per cent. This shows a 40 per cent increase in Harrow's part-time workers since 2001.
- Harrow has a high number of self-employed workers (22,120, 12.7%), with 8th ranking in London and a level above the national (9.7%) and London (11.7%) averages. Harrow's level is 49 per cent higher than in 2001.
- 4.5 per cent (7,850) residents stated that they were unemployed; almost the same as the national level (4.4%) and below London's rate of 5.2 per cent. This shows a 71 per cent increase in Harrow since 2001.
- The largest grouping (18,190) amongst Harrow's economically inactive residents are retired people, accounting for over a third (35.4%) of this group and the 4th highest level in London. There has been a 7.5 per cent increase in the number of retired people in Harrow since 2001.
- Students are the next largest economically inactive group, 26.1 per cent of the economically inactive group, and showing a 41.6 per cent increase in numbers since 2001

Hours Worked

- The majority (59.2%) of Harrow's workers work between 31 and 48 hours per week, down from 62.6 per cent in 2001, but an increase in numbers due to population growth
- There has been a 2 per cent fall in the number of Harrow's workers working over 49 hours a week, down to 12.8 per cent, below the national level of 13.2 per cent and the London average of 15.9 per cent
- 28 per cent work 30 hours or less per week (up from 22.2% in 2001), above the London average (25.7%), but below the national level of 29.1 per cent
- There has been a large increase in the number of Harrow's male workers who work part-time. 11,120 worked 30 hours or less in 2011, compared to 5,440 in 2001, a 104 per cent increase. The increase in the numbers of women who worked part-time was just 28 per cent.

Industry

New industry codings in 2011, based on the 2007 Standard Industrial Classification do not currently allow comparisons with the 2001 Census outputs for Industry of Employment.

- The highest proportion (17.5%, 19,930) of Harrow's workers (aged 16 to 74) are employed in wholesale & retail trade, repair of motor vehicles activities. Harrow is ranked 1st in London for this industry group.
- 11 per cent (12,430) of residents work in jobs associated with human health and social work activities, the second largest industry group for Harrow's workers
- Nationally Harrow is ranked in the top 10 per cent of local authorities for workers who are employed in professional, scientific and technical activities (34th) and in the top quartile for: wholesale & retail trade, repair of motor vehicles (76th); transport and storage (88th); information and communication (48th); financial and insurance activities (46th); and real estate activities (40th)
- The highest proportion of males (18.4%) work in wholesale & retail trade, repair of motor vehicles related activities, whilst the highest proportion of Harrow's females are employed in human health and social work activities (17.6%)

Occupation

The 2011 Census uses the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification for coding occupation. It includes all people aged 16 to 74 who were in employment at the time of the 2011 Census, or in the week before.

- Professional occupations constitute Harrow's largest occupation group, with 23 per cent (26,450) of workers. This group ranks Harrow 29th nationally and 17th in London. There has been a 71 per cent increase in the number of Harrow's workers in these occupations since 2001. This is the largest occupation group both nationally and in London, with 17.4 per cent and 22.5 per cent of workers respectively. Professional workers form the largest occupational group for both men and women living in Harrow.
- Administrative and secretarial occupations form Harrow's second largest occupation category, with 13.6 per cent (15,460) of workers, but with

diminished numbers since 2001. This level is above both the national (11.4%) and London levels (11.7%). This was Harrow's largest sector in 2001, with 17,610 (18%) workers and ranks Harrow in the top decile of local authorities, with a ranking of 26th.

- Caring, leisure and other service occupations saw the second largest percentage increase amongst Harrow's workers over the decade, with a 60 per cent increase, from 5,210 to 8,360 (7.3% of workers). Harrow's level is below the national level of 9.4 per cent and London's level of 7.9 per cent.

National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification

The National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) provides an indication of socio-economic position based on occupation. It is an Office for National Statistics standard classification. All people aged 16 to 74 are included in this classification.

- 14 per cent of Harrow's residents are classified in the NS-SeC category 1 (higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations). This is above both the national level of 10.3 per cent and the London level of 13.2 per cent. Nearly twice as many of Harrow's men, compared to women, fall within this category.
- Harrow's largest NS-SeC category is 2 (lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations) with 21.3 per cent (37,270) of residents, similar to the national level of 20.8 per cent, but below London's level of 23.1 per cent. This is also the largest category for England & Wales, as well as for London.
- In percentage terms the biggest change over the decade, for Harrow (for both men and women), was in the category long-term unemployed, which increased by 132 per cent, from 1,265 to 2,940. 1.7 per cent of residents were recorded in this category, the same as the national level, but below London's level of 2 per cent.
- For men there was a significant increase in the number who have never worked, with an 88 per cent increase over the decade, rising from 1,445 to 2,720
- For women the increase in the number of small employers and own account workers (NS-SeC 4) was notable, with numbers increasing from 2,700 to 5,520 (+104%)

Further Information

Data for England & Wales and all the constituent local authorities can be found on the Office for National Statistics website at: <http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/guide-method/census/2011/index.html>

See also Harrow's Local Information System (HA Info: Harrow Informed) for electronic versions of Harrow's tables and other graphics
<https://harrowinformed.harrow.gov.uk> under Profiles & Maps and Tables view

London-wide data and reports can be found on the GLA's Datastore at:
<http://data.london.gov.uk/census/secondrelease>

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**KEY STATISTICS AND QUICK STATISTICS
FOR HARROW (released 11th December 2012)**

APPENDIX A

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Usual Resident Population

Usual Resident Population							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All usual residents	239,056				206,814		15.6
Males	118,023	49.4	111	16	99,953	48.3	18.1
Females	121,033	50.6	238	18	106,861	51.7	13.3
People living in households	236,970	99.1	76	16	205,099	99.2	15.5
People living in communal establishments	2,086	0.9	273	18	1,715	0.8	21.6
Schoolchild or full-time student aged 4 and over at their non term-time address	4,251		15	4	3,183		33.6
Area (hectares)	5,047		292	12	5,047		
Density (persons per hectare)	47.4		23	21	40.98		15.7

Source: 2011 Census Table KS101EW, 2001 Census Table KS001, ONS, Crown Copyright

Schoolchildren and students

Schoolchildren and students in full-time education studying away from their family home are treated as usually resident at their term-time address. Basic demographic information only (name, sex, age, marital status and relationship) is collected at their non term-time address (their 'home' or 'vacation' address). The information on families, household size and household composition for their non term-time address does not include them.

Age Structure

Age Structure							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All usual residents	239,056				206,814		15.6
0 - 4	15,916	6.7	76	24	12,019	5.8	32.4
5 - 7	9,007	3.8	40	14	7,611	3.7	18.3
8 - 9	5,414	2.3	87	16	5,285	2.6	2.4
10 - 14	14,590	6.1	96	9	13,886	6.7	5.1
15	3,131	1.3	83	8	2,890	1.4	8.3
16 - 17	6,604	2.8	34	3	5,779	2.8	14.3
18 - 19	5,369	2.2	192	20	4,826	2.3	11.3
20 - 24	16,066	6.7	89	25	13,012	6.3	23.5
25 - 29	19,345	8.1	47	23	15,727	7.6	23.0
30 - 44	53,358	22.3	45	30	48,381	23.4	10.3
45 - 59	44,579	18.6	277	8	38,036	18.4	17.2
60 - 64	12,010	5	301	8	9,433	4.6	27.3
65 - 74	17,420	7.3	287	5	15,320	7.4	13.7
75 - 84	11,659	4.9	283	5	10,176	4.9	14.6
85 - 89	2,982	1.2	288	7	2,957	1.4	0.8
90 & over	1,606	0.7	252	8	1,476	0.7	8.8
Average Age (Mean)	37.6		287	8	37.76		-0.4
Median Age	36		284	8			

Source: 2011 Census Table KS102EW, 2001 Census Table KS002, ONS, Crown Copyright

Age

Age is derived from the date of birth question and is a person's age at their last birthday. Dates of birth that imply an age over 115 are treated as invalid and the person's age is imputed. Infants less than one year old are classified as 0 years of age.

Mean age

Mean age is calculated by dividing the sum of each person's age by the number of people. Ages are the age at last birthday (in whole years).

Median age

The median age is the middle value when all the ages are arranged in order from youngest to oldest. Ages used are the age at last birthday (in whole years).

Marital and Civil Partnership Status

Marital and Civil Partnership Status							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All usual residents aged 16 and over	190,998				165,123		15.7
Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil partnership)	61,610	32.3	136	33	51,431	31.2	19.8
Married	102,502	53.7	63	1	82,069	49.7	24.9
In a registered same-sex civil partnership	306	0.2	250	31	N/A	N/A	N/A
Re-married	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6,657	4.0	N/A
Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-sex civil partnership)	4,440	2.3	223	31	3,316	2.0	33.9
Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved	10,324	5.4	348	33	8,820	5.3	17.1
Widowed or surviving partner from a same-sex civil	11,816	6.2	287	6	12,830	7.8	-7.9

Source: 2011 Census Table KS103EW, 2001 Census Table KS004, ONS, Crown Copyright

Marital and civil partnership status

Marital and civil partnership status classifies an individual according to their legal marital or registered same-sex civil partnership status as at census day, 27 March 2011.

This topic is the equivalent of the 2001 Census topic 'Marital status', but has undergone significant revision to take account of the Civil Partnership Act which came into force on 5 December 2005.

Marital and civil partnership states include married/in a registered same-sex civil partnership, separated (but still legally married/in a registered same-sex civil partnership), divorced/formerly in a registered same-sex civil partnership or widowed/surviving same-sex civil partner.

Although the term 'single' is widely used to cover people in a number of states such as divorced or separated it is not a legally recognised status and was not an option on the census questionnaire. In census results the term 'single' is used to refer only to someone who has never been married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership, which were options on the census questionnaire.

Living Arrangements

Living Arrangements							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 Change
All usual residents aged 16 and over in households	189,258				163,444		15.8
Living in a couple:							
Married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership	95,871	50.7	135	1	85,119	52.1	12.6
Cohabiting	10,751	5.7	348	33	10,189	6.2	5.5
Not living in a couple:							
Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil partnership)	53,266	28.1	60	28	43,519	26.6	22.4
Married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership	6,110	3.2	12	11	2,930	1.8	108.5
Separated (but still legally married or in a same-sex civil partnership)	3,612	1.9	182	31	2,718	1.7	32.9
Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved	8,585	4.5	348	33	6,980	4.3	23.0
Widowed or surviving partner from a same-sex civil partnership	11,063	5.8	263	5	11,989	7.3	-7.7

Source: 2011 Census Table KS104EW, 2001 Census Table KS003, ONS, Crown Copyright

Married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership

The classification for married has changed to incorporate same-sex civil partnership. Same-sex civil partnerships only became legal in 2005 and therefore was not a variable for the 2001 Census.

Those in same-sex civil partnerships pre-2005 would previously have been classified as single.

The ONS consider 2001 and 2011 data for this table to be broadly comparable.

Living arrangements

The living arrangements variable is different to marital status. It combines information from both marital status and the relationship matrix. Therefore a person living as part of a 'cohabiting couple' could in fact be married (to someone else) but will not appear as married or separated in this classification.

Not living in a couple

A person not living in a couple can be classified married (or re-married) if they denote their marital status as married (or re-married) but have no spouse or partner resident in the household.

Household Composition

Household Composition							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All households	84,268				79,112		6.5
One person:							
Aged 65 and over	8,985	10.7	301	8	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other	10,023	11.9	340	33	N/A	N/A	N/A
All one person	19,008	22.6	347	33	20,705	26.2	-8.2
2001							
One person:							
Pensioner	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10,846	13.7	N/A
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9,859	12.5	N/A
One family and no others:							
All aged 65 and over	5,817	6.9	281	4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Married or same-sex civil partnership: No children	8,150	9.7	309	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
Married or same-sex civil partnership: Dependent children	17,797	21.1	11	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Married or same-sex civil partnership: All children non-dependent	7,391	8.8	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cohabiting couple households: No children	2,191	2.6	348	33	2,755	3.5	-20.5
Cohabiting couple households: With dependent children	1,472	1.7	344	29	1,354	1.7	8.7
Cohabiting couple households: All children non-dependent	287	0.3	330	19	182	0.2	57.7
Lone parent households: With dependent children	5,560	6.6	163	25	4,411	5.6	26.0
Lone parent households: All children non-dependent	3,734	4.4	23	10	3,107	3.9	20.2
2001							
One family and no others:							
All pensioners	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6,280	7.9	N/A
Married couple households: No children	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8,207	10.4	N/A
Married couple households: With dependent children	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16,775	21.2	N/A
Married couple households: All children non-dependent	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6,005	7.6	N/A
Other households:							
With dependent children	5,831	6.9	5	4	3,858	4.9	51.1
All student	255	0.3	97	27	220	0.3	15.9
All aged 65 and over	281	0.3	93	6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other	6,494	7.7	24	20	4,932	6.2	31.7
2001							
Other households:							
All pensioner	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	321	0.4	N/A

Source: 2011 Census Table KS105EW, 2001 Census Table KS020, ONS, Crown Copyright

Aged 65 and over

In 2011 the 'Aged 65 and over' and 'All aged 65 and over' variables were introduced replacing the 'Pensioner', 'All pensioners' and 'All pensioner' variables used in 2001. These only included males aged 65 and over and a females aged 60 and over and as a result direct comparisons between the two censuses is not possible for these variables.

Married or same-sex civil partnership

In 2011 the 'Married or same-sex civil partnership' category was introduced replacing the 'Married couple households' category used in 2001. As a result direct comparisons between the two censuses is not possible.

Adults not in Employment and Dependent Children and Persons with Long-term Health Problem or Disability for all Households

Adults not in Employment and Dependent Children and Persons with Long-term Health Problem or Disability for all Households							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All households	84,268				79,112		6.5
Households with:							
No adults in employment with dependent children	3,675	4.4	116	24	3,808	4.8	-3.5
No adults in employment with no dependent children	18,788	22.3	324	15	20,612	26.1	-8.8
Dependent children of all ages	30,670	36.4	6	5	26,398	33.4	16.2
Dependent children aged 0 - 4	12,435	14.8	24	13	9,543	12.1	30.3
One person in household with a long-term health problem or disability: With dependent children	5,038	6.0	20	6	N/A	N/A	N/A
One person in household with a long-term health problem or disability: No dependent children	15,285	18.1	293	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
One or more person with a limiting long-term illness	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	24,235	30.6	N/A

Source: 2011 Census Table KS106EW, 2001 Census Table KS021, ONS, Crown Copyright

Dependent child

A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 - 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 - 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parent(s).

Lone Parent Households with Dependent Children

Lone Parent Households with Dependent Children							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All lone parent households with dependent children	5,527				4,411		25.3
Lone parent in part-time employment	1,618	29.3	318	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lone parent in full-time employment	1,503	27.2	175	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lone parent not in employment	2,406	43.5	73	26	N/A	N/A	N/A
Male lone parent:							
Total	435	7.9	322	15	394	8.9	10.4
In part-time employment	78	1.4	181	14	28	7.1	178.6
In full-time employment	220	4	304	10	246	62.4	-10.6
Not in employment	137	2.5	247	22	N/A	N/A	N/A
Female lone parent:							
Total	5,092	92.1	27	19	4,017	91.1	26.8
In part-time employment	1,540	27.9	316	8	745	18.6	106.7
In full-time employment	1,283	23.2	112	13	1,132	28.2	13.3
Not in employment	2,269	41.1	54	25	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: 2011 Census Table KS107EW, 2001 Census Table KS022, ONS, Crown Copyright

Dependent child

A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 - 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 - 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parent(s).

Part-time & full-time working

Part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as 31 or more hours a week.

Lone parent

A lone parent is defined as a parent with a dependent child living in a household with no other persons (whether related to that dependent child or not). This definition is to be distinguished from the standard definition of a lone parent used in other tables.

Ethnic Group

Ethnic Group							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All usual residents	239,056				206,814		15.6
White:							
British	73,826	30.9	345	30	103,207	49.9	-28.5
Irish	7,336	3.1	6	6	9,057	4.4	-19.0
Gypsy or Irish Traveller	181	0.1	200	19	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other White	19,648	8.2	33	25	9,279	4.5	111.7
2001 classification: Other White	19,829	8.3	N/A	N/A	9,279	4.5	113.7
Mixed:							
White and Black Caribbean	2,344	1.0	58	25	1,371	0.7	71.0
White and Black African	1,053	0.4	46	28	633	0.3	66.4
White and Asian	3,417	1.4	11	11	2,018	1.0	69.3
Other Mixed	2,685	1.1	27	26	1,818	0.9	47.7
Asian or Asian British:							
Indian	63,051	26.4	2	1	45,310	21.9	39.2
Pakistani	7,797	3.3	40	10	4,317	2.1	80.6
Bangladeshi	1,378	0.6	58	23	953	0.5	44.6
Chinese	2,629	1.1	42	21	2,567	1.2	2.4
Other Asian	26,953	11.3	1	1	10,734	5.2	151.1
Black or Black British:							
African	8,526	3.6	34	26	5,656	2.7	50.7
Caribbean	6,812	2.8	23	18	6,116	3.0	11.4
Other Black	4,370	1.8	16	16	931	0.5	369.4
Other ethnic group:							
Arab	3,708	1.6	8	7	N/A	N/A	N/A
Any other ethnic group	3,342	1.4	25	21	2,847	1.4	17.4
Group Totals:							
White total	100,991	42.2	346	31	121,543	58.8	-16.9
Mixed total	9,499	4.0	30	25	5,840	2.8	62.7
Asian total	101,808	42.6	2	2	63,881	30.9	59.4
Black total	19,708	8.2	24	20	12,703	6.1	55.1
Other ethnic group	7,050	2.9	18	17	2,847	1.4	147.6

Source: 2011 Census Table KS201EW, 2001 Census Table KS006, ONS, Crown Copyright

Ethnic Group

Ethnic group classifies people according to their own perceived ethnic group and cultural background.

In 2011 two new categories were introduced: Gypsy or Irish traveller and Arab, therefore a comparison between 2001 and 2011 is not possible for these two categories.

Chinese has also been moved to come under the umbrella of Asian or Asian British rather than the 'Other' category.

To compare 2011 Census with 2001, White Gypsy or Irish traveller has been combined with White Other.

To compare 2011 Census with 2001, Arab has been combined with Any other ethnic group.

National Identity

National Identity				
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
All usual residents	239,056			
English only identity	68,768	28.8	319	26
English and British only identity	11,206	4.7	316	24
Other English combined background identity	2,035	0.9	69	24
No English identity	157,047	65.7	30	8
Welsh only identity	773	0.3	275	24
Welsh and British only identity	144	0.1	262	24
Other Welsh combined background identity	172	0.1	265	26
No Welsh identity	237,967	99.5	74	10
Scottish only identity	896	0.4	335	29
Scottish and British only identity	202	0.1	298	25
Other Scottish combined background identity	163	0.1	263	27
No Scottish identity	237,795	99.5	18	5
Northern Irish only identity	471	0.2	128	23
Northern Irish and British only identity	53	0.0	263	23
Other Northern Irish combined background identity	52	0.0	232	29
No Northern Irish identity	238,480	99.8	190	10
British only identity	99,538	41.6	1	1
British and any other identity	15,625	6.5	340	26
No British identity	123,893	51.8	348	33
Cornish only identity	6	0.0	294	30
Cornish and British only identity	1	0.0	254	31
Cornish and at least one of English/Welsh/Scottish/ Northern Irish identities (with or without British)	5	0.0	203	25
No Cornish identity	239,044	100.0	61	3
Irish only identity	5,332	2.2	6	6
Irish and British only identity	102	0.0	22	15
Irish and Northern Irish only identity	8	0.0	58	20
Irish, Northern Irish and British only identity	5	0.0	56	19
Irish and at least one of English/Welsh/Scottish identities (with or without British)	226	0.1	21	15
Irish, Northern Irish and at least one of English/Welsh/ Scottish identities (with or without British)	0	0.0	182	31
No Irish identity	233,383	97.6	343	28
Other identities only	51,515	21.5	22	20
Other identities and at least one of English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British only	5,040	2.1	27	24
At least one of English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/ British identities only	182,501	76.3	327	14

Source: 2011 Census Table KS202EW, ONS, Crown Copyright

National identity

A person's national identity is a self-determined assessment of their own identity with respect to the country or countries with which they feel an affiliation. This assessment of identity is not dependent on legal nationality or ethnic group.

The national identity question included six tick box responses - one for each of the four parts of the UK (English, Welsh, Scottish, Northern Irish), one for British, and one for 'Other' Where a person ticked 'Other' they were asked to write in the name of the country. People were asked to tick all options that they felt applied to them. This means that in results relating to national identity people may be classified with a single national identity or a combination of identities.

British identity excludes responses indicating an identity related to the British Virgin Islands and British Overseas Territories.

Country of Birth

Country of Birth							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All usual residents	239,056				206,814		15.6
England	128,424	53.7	320	27	132,914	64.3	-3.4
Northern Ireland	680	0.3	266	26	958	0.5	-29.0
Scotland	1,591	0.7	330	28	2,411	1.2	-34.0
Wales	1,220	0.5	295	25	2,024	1.0	-39.7
Ireland	4,953	2.1	7	6	6,090	2.9	-18.7
Other EU: Member countries in March 2001	6,176	2.6	34	23	3,894	1.9	58.6
Other EU: Accession countries April 2001 to March	11,265	4.7	18	11			
United Kingdom not otherwise specified	92	0.0	9	7	58,523	28.3	64.1
Other countries	84,655	35.4	4	4			

Source: 2011 Census Table KS204EW, 2001 Census Table KS005, ONS, Crown Copyright

Country of birth

Country of birth is the country in which a person was born. The country of birth question included six tick box responses - one for each of the four parts of the UK, one for the Republic of Ireland, and one for 'Elsewhere'. Where a person ticked 'Elsewhere', they were asked to write in the current name of the country in which they were born.

Responses are assigned codes based on the National Statistics Country Classification.

The grouping of countries within the classification is broadly regional, but takes into account the grouping of European Union (EU) countries. Countries in the EU are grouped into those that were EU members in March 2001, and those that became members (Accession countries) between April 2001 and March 2011 as part of the EU enlargement process.

When a person's written response to the country of birth question was a former country name, and the country that it relates to no longer exists and is not wholly contained within the geographic boundary of a current country, the response was coded to one of the additional categories contained in the 'Former country' grouping. For example, 'Czechoslovakia' was coded to 'Czechoslovakia not otherwise specified'.

Ireland now includes people who ticked the Republic of Ireland and those who wrote in "Island of Ireland" or Ireland (plus Ulster which spans both north and south) Northern Ireland is those who recorded this ticked box.

'2001 Census data for "Other countries" compares 2011 Census Other EU: Accession countries, UK not otherwise specified and Other countries.

Passports Held

Passports Held				
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
All usual residents	239,056			
No passport	12,700	5.3	343	28
United Kingdom	178,396	74.6	243	11
Republic of Ireland	6,212	2.6	6	6
Other Europe: EU countries	20,232	8.5	26	21
Other Europe: Non EU countries	1,099	0.5	37	28
Africa	4,373	1.8	34	22
Middle East and Asia	18,026	7.5	8	7
North America and the Caribbean	1,703	0.7	62	27
Central America	39	0.0	81	26
South America	412	0.2	42	29
Antarctica and Oceania	772	0.3	104	25
British Overseas Territories	16	0.0	51	22

Source: 2011 Census Table KS205EW, ONS, Crown Copyright

Passports held

Results for 'Passports held' classify a person according to the passport or passports that they held at the time of the 2011 Census. People were asked to indicate whether they held no passport, a United Kingdom passport, an Irish passport, or a passport from another country, and write in the name of the other country if applicable. If more than one of the options were applicable people were asked to indicate all that applied. In results that classify people by passports held, those who hold a United Kingdom or Irish passport, and any other type of passport, will appear in each applicable category.

Household Language

Household Language				
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
All households	84,268			
All people aged 16 and over in household have English as a main language	56,437	67.0	340	25
At least one but not all people aged 16 and over in household have English as a main language	11,382	13.5	7	6
No people aged 16 and over in household but at least one person aged 3 to 15 has English as a main language	3,034	3.6	7	7
No people in household have English as a main language	13,415	15.9	10	9

Source: 2011 Census Table KS206EW, ONS, Crown Copyright

Household language

Household language classifies households by the combination of adults and children within a household that have English (English, or Welsh in Wales) as a main language. Household language uses the alternate definition of an adult and child that are used in a small number of census results.

Main language

The language that is a person's first or preferred language.

Religion

Religion							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All usual residents	239,056				206,814		15.6
Christian	89,181	37.3	344	30	97,799	47.3	-8.8
Buddhist	2,700	1.1	16	13	1,390	0.7	94.2
Hindu	60,407	25.3	1	1	40,548	19.6	49.0
Jewish	10,538	4.4	6	4	13,112	6.3	-19.6
Muslim	29,881	12.5	24	13	14,915	7.2	100.3
Sikh	2,752	1.2	38	9	2,073	1.0	32.8
Other religions	5,945	2.5	1	1	4,208	2.0	41.3
No religion	22,871	9.6	347	32	18,674	9.0	22.5
Religion not stated	14,781	6.2	311	33	14,095	6.8	4.9

Source: 2011 Census Table KS209EW, 2001 Census Table KS007, ONS, Crown Copyright

Religion

The question on religion was voluntary.

Health & Provision of Unpaid Care

Health & Provision of Unpaid Care							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All usual residents	239,056				206,814		15.6
People with limiting long-term illness	34,854	14.6	N/A	N/A	30,783	14.9	13.2
Day-to-day activities limited a lot	16,167	6.8	261	17	N/A	N/A	N/A
Day-to-day activities limited a little	18,687	7.8	304	9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Day-to-day activities not limited	204,202	85.4	67	24	176,031	85.1	16.0
People of working age population with limiting long-term illness	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	13,416	10.3	N/A
Day-to-day activities limited a lot: Age 16 to 64	6,788	2.8	234	26	N/A	N/A	N/A
Day-to-day activities limited a little: Age 16 to 64	9,424	3.9	277	23	N/A	N/A	N/A
Day-to-day activities not limited: Age 16 to 64	141,119	59.0	56	26	N/A	N/A	N/A
People whose health was: Good	199,800	83.6	92	18	172,485	83.4	15.8
People whose health was: Not good	39,256	16.4	257	16	34,329	16.6	14.4
Very good health	113,731	47.6	148	29	N/A	N/A	N/A
Good health	86,069	36.0	30	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fair health	28,329	11.9	259	8	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bad health	8,289	3.5	246	23	N/A	N/A	N/A
Very bad health	2,638	1.1	201	23	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provides no unpaid care	214,436	89.7	144	32	186,264	90.1	15.1
Provides 1 to 19 hours unpaid care a week	15,889	6.6	210	3	14,598	7.1	8.8
Provides 20 to 49 hours unpaid care a week	3,947	1.7	55	2	2,456	1.2	60.7
Provides 50 or more hours unpaid care a week	4,784	2.0	254	9	3,496	1.7	36.8

Source: 2011 Census Table KS301EW, 2001 Census Table KS008, ONS, Crown Copyright

Long-term health problem or disability

A long-term health problem or disability that limits a person's day-to-day activities, and has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months. This includes problems that are related to old age. People were asked to assess whether their daily activities were limited a lot or a little by such a health problem, or whether their daily activities were not limited at all.

General health

General health is a self-assessment of a person's general state of health. People were asked to assess whether their health was very good, good, fair, bad or very bad. This assessment is not based on a person's health over any specified period of time.

To allow a comparison with 2001, general health has been divided as 'good health' and 'not good health'. This has combined 2011 Census as 'very good health' and 'good health' together as 'good health' and 'fair health', 'bad health', and 'very bad health' as 'not good health'.

Provision of unpaid care

A person is a provider of unpaid care if they look after or give help or support to family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill health or disability, or problems related to old age. This does not include any activities as part of paid employment. No distinction is made about whether any care that a person provides is within their own household or outside of the household, so no explicit link can be made about whether the care provided is for a person within the household who has poor general health or a long-term health problem or disability.

Working age

The 2011 Census defines working age as between 16 to 64 for both men and women. In 2001 the working age population was regarded as 16-64 inclusive for men and 16-59 inclusive for women.

Dwellings, Household Spaces and Accommodation Type

Dwellings, Household Spaces and Accommodation Type							
Harrow	2011	2011	2011	2011	2001	2001	2001-11
	Data	%	Rank - National	Rank - London	Data	%	% Change
All dwellings	86,524				N/A	N/A	N/A
Unshared dwelling	86,471	99.94	245	4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Shared dwelling: Two household spaces	18	0.02	103	31	N/A	N/A	N/A
Shared dwelling: Three or more household spaces	35	0.04	105	29	N/A	N/A	N/A
All household spaces	86,667				80,904		7.1
Household spaces with at least one usual resident	84,268	97.2	41	15	79,112	97.8	6.5
Household spaces with no usual residents	2,399	2.8	308	19	N/A	N/A	N/A
With no residents: Vacant	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,622	2.0	N/A
With no residents: Second residence or holiday accommodation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	170	0.2	N/A
All household spaces which are of accommodation type:							
Whole house or bungalow: Detached	10,252	11.8	292	5	9,877	12.2	3.8
Whole house or bungalow: Semi-detached	33,827	39	49	3	32,309	39.9	4.7
Whole house or bungalow: Terraced (including end terrace)	16,053	18.5	241	3	16,397	20.3	-2.1
Flat, maisonette or apartment: Purpose built block of flats or tenement	19,648	22.7	47	30	16,159	20.0	21.6
Flat, maisonette or apartment: Part of a converted or shared house (including bed-sits)	5,430	6.3	48	26	4,734	5.9	14.7
Flat, maisonette or apartment: In commercial building	1,443	1.7	31	17	1,395	1.7	3.4
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	14	0.017	344	32	33	0.0	-57.6

Source: 2011 Census Table KS401EW, 2001 Census Table KS016, ONS, Crown Copyright

Accommodation type

The type of accommodation used or available for use by an individual household. Examples include the whole of a terraced house, or a flat in a purpose-built block of flats.

Dwelling

A dwelling is a unit of accommodation in which all rooms - including the kitchen, bathroom and toilet - are behind a door that only that household can use.

A dwelling may comprise one or more household spaces (the accommodation used or available for use by an individual household).

A dwelling may be classified as shared or unshared. A dwelling is shared if:

- the household spaces it contains have the accommodation type 'part of a converted or shared house'
- not all of the rooms (including kitchen, bathroom and toilet, if any) are behind a door that only that household can use, and
- there is at least one other such household space at the same address with which it can be combined to form the shared dwelling.

Dwellings that do not meet these conditions are unshared dwellings.

Household

A household is defined as one person living alone, or a group of people (not necessarily related) living at the same address who share cooking facilities and share a living room or sitting room or dining area.

A household must contain at least one person whose place of usual residence is at the address. A group of short-term residents living together is not classified as a household, and neither is a group of people at an address where only visitors are staying.

Household space

A household space is the accommodation used or available for use by an individual household.

Household spaces are identified separately in census results as those with at least one usual resident, and those that do not have any usual residents.

A household space with no usual residents may still be used by short-term residents, visitors who were present on census night, or a combination of short-term residents and visitors.

Vacant household spaces and household spaces that are used as second addresses are also classified in census results as household spaces with no usual residents.

Tenure

Tenure							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
Total number of households	84,268				79,112		6.5
Owner occupied: Owned outright	26,246	31.1	226	4	25,465	32.2	3.1
Owner occupied: Owned with a mortgage or loan	28,755	34.1	177	9	33,290	42.1	-13.6
Owner occupied: Shared ownership (part rent/part mortgage)	821	1.0	75	20	712	0.9	15.3
Social rented: Rented from council (local authority)	5,157	6.1	195	29	5,558	7.0	-7.2
Rented from housing association/registered social landlord	3,766	4.5	264	31	3,240	4.1	16.2
Rented from private landlord or letting agency	17,165	20.4	47	25	8,315	10.5	106.4
Rented from other	1,159	1.4	161	13	864	1.1	34.1
Living rent free	1,199	1.4	129	9	1668	2.1	-28.1

Source: 2011 Census Table KS402EW, 2001 Census Table KS018, ONS, Crown Copyright

Tenure, Private rented, Other

Accommodation that is 'private rented, other' includes accommodation that is rented from an employer of a household member, relative or friend of a household member, or other non-social rented accommodation.

Tenure, Social rented, Other

Accommodation that is 'other social rented' includes accommodation that is rented from a registered social landlord, housing association, housing co-operative or charitable trust.

Rooms, Bedrooms and Central Heating

Rooms, Bedrooms and Central Heating							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All households	84,268				79,112		6.5
Does not have central heating	1,460	1.7	252	33	N/A	N/A	N/A
Does have central heating	82,808	98.3	97	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Occupancy Rating (rooms) of -1 or less	13,756	16.3	28	25	N/A	N/A	N/A
Households with 'overcrowding' (occupancy rating of -1 or less)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9,455	12.0	N/A
Occupancy Rating (bedrooms) of -1 or less	8,849	10.5	22	20	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average household size	2.8		2	4	2.59		8.1
Average number of rooms per household	5.3		244	2	5.23		1.3
Average number of bedrooms per household	2.8		139	2	N/A		N/A

Source: 2011 Census Table KS403EW, 2001 Census Table KS019, ONS, Crown Copyright

Occupancy Rating

Occupancy rating provides a measure of whether a household's accommodation is overcrowded or under occupied. There are two measures of occupancy rating, one based on the number of rooms in a household's accommodation, and one based on the number of bedrooms. The ages of the household members and their relationships to each other are used to derive the number of rooms/bedrooms they require, based on a standard formula. The number of rooms/bedrooms required is subtracted from the number of rooms/bedrooms in the household's accommodation to obtain the occupancy rating. An occupancy rating of -1 implies that a household has one fewer room/bedroom than required, whereas +1 implies that they have one more room/bedroom than the standard requirement.

Average household size

The average household size for an area is equal to the total number of usual residents living in households in that area divided by the total number of households in the area that have at least one usual resident.

Average number of rooms/bedrooms per household

The average number of rooms/bedrooms per household for any area is equal to the total number of rooms/bedrooms in households in the area divided by the number of households in the area.

Rooms

The definition of a room does not include bathrooms, toilets, halls or landings, or rooms that can only be used for storage. All other rooms, for example, kitchens, living rooms, bedrooms, utility rooms, studies and conservatories are counted.

If two rooms have been converted into one they are counted as one room. Rooms shared between a number of households, for example a shared kitchen, are not counted.

Bedrooms

A bedroom is defined as any room that was intended to be used as a bedroom when the property was built, or any room that has been permanently converted for use as a bedroom. It also includes all rooms intended for use as a bedroom even if not being used as a bedroom at the time of the Census.

Bedsits and studio flats are counted as having one bedroom.

Car or Van Availability

Car or Van Availability							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All households	84,268				79,112		6.5
No cars or vans	19,811	23.5	125	29	17,972	22.7	10.2
One car or vans	37,013	43.9	95	12	34,900	44.1	6.1
Two cars or vans	20,993	24.9	222	2	20,789	26.3	1.0
Three cars or vans	5,012	5.9	195	3	4,286	5.4	16.9
Four or more cars or vans	1,439	1.7	226	6	1,165	1.5	23.5
Total cars or vans in households	100,326		67	10	94,385		6.3

Source: 2011 Census Table KS404EW, 2001 Census Table KS017, ONS, Crown Copyright

Cars or vans

The number of cars or vans that are owned, or available for use, by one or more members of a household. This includes company cars and vans that are available for private use. It does not include motorbikes or scooters, or any cars or vans belonging to visitors.

The count of cars or vans in an area relates only to households. Cars or vans used by residents of communal establishments are not counted.

Households with 10 or more cars or vans are counted as having only 10.

Responses indicating a number of cars or vans greater than 20 were treated as invalid and a value was imputed.

Residents in Communal Establishments

Residents in Communal Establishments							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All communal establishments	146				118		23.7
All categories: Usual residents by communal establishment management and type	2,086				1,640		27.2
Medical and care establishment: NHS: General hospital	0	0	91	27	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medical and care establishment: NHS: Mental health hospital/unit (including secure units)	53	2.5	27	8	51	3.1	3.9
Medical and care establishment: NHS: Other hospital	3	0.1	86	=7	N/A	N/A	N/A
NHS Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A
Medical and care establishment: Local Authority: Children's home (including secure units)	0	0	128	=7	11	0.7	-100.0
Medical and care establishment: Local Authority: Care home or other home	56	2.7	114	9	25	1.5	124.0
Medical and care establishment: Registered Social Landlord/Housing Association	0	0	207	=28	36	2.2	-100.0
Medical and care establishment: Other: Care home with nursing	467	22.4	134	11	523	31.9	-10.7
Medical and care establishment: Other: Care home without nursing	563	27	186	11	469	28.6	20.0
Medical and care establishment: Other: Children's home (including secure units)	3	0.1	154	8	-	-	-
Medical and care establishment: Other	56	2.7	91	14	20	1.2	180.0
Other Establishments	881	42.2	173	19	505	30.8	74.5
Establishment not stated	4	0.2	241	31	N/A	N/A	N/A
Residents in communal establishments with limiting long-term illness:							
Medical and care establishments	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,087	95.8	N/A
Other establishments	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	139	27.5	N/A

Source: 2011 Census Table KS405EW, 2001 Census Table KS023, ONS, Crown Copyright

Communal establishment

A communal establishment is an establishment providing managed residential accommodation. 'Managed' in this context means full-time or part-time supervision of the accommodation.

Qualifications & Students

Qualifications & Students							
Harrow	2011	2011	2011	2011	2001	2001	2001-11
	Data	%	Rank - National	Rank - London	Data	%	% Change
All people aged 16 - 74	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	150,514	N/A	N/A
All categories: Highest level of qualification	190,998	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
All usual residents aged 16 - 74:							
No qualifications	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	31,159	20.7	N/A
Highest qualification attained level 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	20,388	13.6	N/A
Highest qualification attained level 2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	30,392	20.2	N/A
Highest qualification attained level 3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16,036	10.7	N/A
Highest qualification attained level 4/5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	44,297	29.4	N/A
Other qualifications/level unknown	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8,242	5.5	N/A
All usual residents ages 16 and over:							
No qualifications	31,997	16.8	307	20	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest qualification attained level 1	20,852	10.9	317	15	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest qualification attained level 2	24,447	12.8	317	11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest level of qualification: Apprenticeship	3,271	1.7	326	12	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest qualification attained level 3	19,870	10.4	322	15	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest qualification attained level 4/5	70,218	36.8	38	19	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other qualifications/level unknown	20,343	10.7	12	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total number of full-time students and schoolchildren:							
Aged 16 - 17	6,297	3.3	10	2	5,167	N/A	21.9
Aged 18 - 74	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8,274	N/A	N/A
Aged 18 and over	12,968	6.8	69	25	N/A	N/A	N/A
Full-time students aged 18 - 74:							
Economically active: In employment	4,318	2.3	65	20	2,880	34.81	49.9
Economically active: Unemployed	1,137	0.6	70	23	463	5.60	145.6
Economically inactive	7,484	3.9	65	24	4,931	59.60	51.8

Source: 2011 Census Table KS501EW, 2001 Census Table KS013, ONS, Crown Copyright

Qualifications & Students

'Aged 16 - 74' changed to '16 and over' in 2011.

Students and schoolchildren

Total number of full-time students and schoolchildren' changed from 'Aged 18 - 74' to 'Aged 18 and over' in 2011.

Highest level of qualification

The highest level of qualification is derived from the question asking people to indicate all types of qualifications held. People were also asked if they held foreign qualifications and to indicate the closest equivalent.

There were 12 response options (plus 'no qualifications') covering professional and vocational qualifications, and a range of academic qualifications.

These are combined into five categories for the highest level of qualification, plus a category for no qualifications and one for other qualifications (which includes vocational or work related qualifications, and for foreign qualifications where an equivalent qualification was not indicated):

No Qualifications: No academic or professional qualifications

Level 1 qualifications: 1-4 O Levels/CSE/GCSEs (any grades), Entry Level, Foundation Diploma, NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ, Basic/Essential Skills

Level 2 qualifications: 5+ O Level (Passes)/CSEs (Grade 1)/GCSEs (Grades A*-C), School Certificate, 1 A Level/ 2-3 AS Levels/VCEs, Intermediate/Higher Diploma, Welsh Baccalaureate Intermediate Diploma, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ, City and Guilds Craft, BTEC First/General Diploma, RSA Diploma

Apprenticeship

Level 3 qualifications: 2+ A Levels/VCEs, 4+ AS Levels, Higher School Certificate, Progression/Advanced Diploma, Welsh Baccalaureate Advanced Diploma, NVQ Level 3; Advanced GNVQ, City and Guilds Advanced Craft, ONC, OND, BTEC National, RSA Advanced Diploma

Level 4+ qualifications: Degree (for example BA, BSc), Higher Degree (for example MA, PhD, PGCE), NVQ Level 4-5, HNC, HND, RSA Higher Diploma, BTEC Higher level, Foundation degree (NI), Professional qualifications (for example teaching, nursing, accountancy)

Other qualifications: Vocational/Work-related Qualifications, Foreign Qualifications (Not stated/ level unknown).

Economic Activity

Economic Activity							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All							
All people aged 16 - 74	174,751				150,514		16.1
People aged 16 - 74: Economically active:	123,307	70.6			103,049	68.5	19.7
Employees: Part-time	21,423	12.3	308	7	15,294	10.2	40.1
Employees: Full-time	65,492	37.5	215	24	63,722	42.3	2.8
Self-employed	22,119	12.7	64	8	14,840	9.9	49.0
Unemployed	7,854	4.5	116	20	4,602	3.1	70.7
Full-time student	6,419	3.7	70	21	4,591	3.1	39.8
People aged 16 - 74: Economically inactive:	51,444	29.4			47,465	31.5	8.4
Retired	18,189	10.4	303	5	16,913	11.2	7.5
Student	13,417	7.7	53	17	9,474	6.3	41.6
Looking after home/family	9,580	5.5	27	12	10,334	6.9	-7.3
Permanently sick/disabled	5,105	2.9	232	26	5,119	3.4	-0.3
Other	5,153	2.9	40	22	5,625	3.7	-8.4
Unemployed people aged 16 - 74:							
Aged 16 - 24	1,688	1.0	208	23	1,028	0.7	64.2
Aged 50 - 74	1,527	0.9	74	14	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aged 50 and over	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	975	0.6	N/A
Who have never worked	1,620	0.9	51	17	578	0.4	180.3
Who are long-term unemployed	2,938	1.7	137	26	1,265	0.8	132.3
	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
Males							
All males aged 16 - 74	86,454				72,956		18.5
Males aged 16 - 74: Economically active:	66,777	77.2			55,499	76.1	20.3
Employees: Part-time	5,878	6.8	39	10	2,438	3.3	141.1
Employees: Full-time	37,381	43.2	283	23	36,854	50.5	1.4
Self-employed	16,019	18.5	45	3	11,312	15.5	41.6
Unemployed	4,107	4.8	162	24	2,646	3.6	55.2
Full-time student	3,392	3.9	54	14	2,249	3.1	50.8
Males aged 16 - 74: Economically inactive:	19,677	22.7			17,457	23.9	12.7
Retired	7,571	8.8	304	5	7,101	9.7	6.6
Student	7,041	8.1	52	17	4,970	6.8	41.7
Looking after home/family	722	0.8	121	18	610	0.8	18.4
Permanently sick/disabled	2,438	2.8	252	29	2,497	3.4	-2.4
Other	1,905	2.2	80	24	2,279	3.1	-16.4
Unemployed males aged 16 - 74:							
Aged 16 - 24	996	1.2	229	24	638	0.9	56.1
Aged 50 - 74	938	1.1	123	16	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aged 50 and over	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	634	0.9	N/A
Who have never worked	717	0.8	103	23	305	0.4	135.1
Who are long-term unemployed	1,476	1.7	165	26	702	1.0	110.3
	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
Females							
All females aged 16 - 74	88,297				77,558		13.8
Females aged 16 - 74: Economically active:	56,530	64.0			47,550	61.3	18.9
Employees: Part-time	15,545	17.6	316	7	12,856	16.6	20.9
Employees: Full-time	28,111	31.8	108	28	26,868	34.6	4.6
Self-employed	6,100	6.9	115	19	3,528	4.6	72.9
Unemployed	3,747	4.2	49	18	1,956	2.5	91.6
Full-time student	3,027	3.4	99	24	2,342	3.0	29.2
Females aged 16 - 74: Economically inactive:	31,767	36.0			30,008	38.7	5.9
Retired	10,618	12.0	302	5	9,812	12.7	8.2
Student	6,376	7.2	58	21	4,504	5.8	41.6
Looking after home/family	8,858	10.0	26	12	9,724	12.5	-8.9
Permanently sick/disabled	2,667	3.0	217	23	2,622	3.4	1.7
Other	3,248	3.7	20	14	3,346	4.3	-2.9
Unemployed females aged 16 - 74:							
Aged 16 - 24	692	0.8	172	21	390	0.5	77.4
Aged 50 - 74	589	0.7	40	17	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aged 50 and over	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	341	0.4	N/A
Who have never worked	903	1.0	32	16	273	0.4	230.8
Who are long-term unemployed	1,462	1.7	85	24	563	0.7	159.7

Source: 2011 Census Tables KS601EW, KS602EW & KS603EW, 2001 Census Tables KS009a, KS009b & KS009c, ONS, Crown Copyright

Part-time/Full-time working

Part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week. This applies to the number of hours a person aged 16 to 74 in employment in the week before the census worked in their main job, and includes paid and unpaid overtime.

Long-term unemployed

A person is defined as long-term unemployed at the time of the 2011 Census if they were unemployed and the year they last worked was 2009 or earlier.

Hours Worked

Hours Worked							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All							
All usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the census	113,900				97,759		16.5
Part-time: 15 hours or less worked	10,835	9.5	199	6	7,703	7.9	40.7
Part-time: 16 to 30 hours worked	21,103	18.5	243	9	14,028	14.3	50.4
Full-time: 31 to 48 hours worked	67,397	59.2	96	15	61,151	62.6	10.2
Full-time: 49 or more hours worked	14,565	12.8	208	23	14,877	15.2	-2.1
Males							
All males aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the census	61,833	54.3	23	11	52,463	53.7	17.9
Part-time: 15 hours or less worked	3,731	3.3	83	11	2,166	2.2	72.3
Part-time: 16 to 30 hours worked	7,387	6.5	30	11	3,271	3.3	125.8
Full-time: 31 to 48 hours worked	39,716	34.9	148	9	35,216	36.0	12.8
Full-time: 49 or more hours worked	10,999	9.7	217	20	11,810	12.1	-6.9
Females							
All females aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the census	52,067	45.7	326	23	45,296	46.3	14.9
Part-time: 15 hours or less worked	7,104	6.2	237	6	5,537	5.7	28.3
Part-time: 16 to 30 hours worked	13,716	12	317	9	10,757	11.0	27.5
Full-time: 31 to 48 hours worked	27,681	24.3	71	24	25,935	26.5	6.7
Full-time: 49 or more hours worked	3,566	3.1	139	27	3,067	3.1	16.3
Average (mean) hours worked Male	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	41.5		N/A
Average (mean) hours worked Female	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	32.6		N/A

Source: 2011 Census Table KS604EW, 2001 Census Table KS010, ONS, Crown Copyright

Employed (In employment)

A person aged 16 to 74 is defined as employed (or in employment) if in the week before the census they carried out at least one hour's paid work, either as an employee or self-employed.

This includes casual or temporary work, on a government-sponsored training scheme, doing paid or unpaid work for their own or family business, being away from work ill, on maternity leave, or on holiday or temporarily laid off.

Part-time/Full-time working

Working part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less per week. Working full-time is defined as working 31 hours or more per week. This applies to the number of hours a person aged 16 to 74 in employment in the week before the census worked in their main job, and includes paid and unpaid overtime.

Hours worked

The number of hours that a person aged 16 to 74 in employment in the week before the census worked in their main job. This includes paid and unpaid overtime.

Main job

The 'Main job' of a person aged 16 to 74 is the job in which they usually work the most hours. For people not working at the time of the census the main job relates to the person's last job. Topics based on employment all relate to a person's main job.

Industry

Industry				
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
All				
All aged 16 - 74 in employment	113,900			
All aged 16 - 74 in employment working in:				
a Agriculture, forestry and fishing	35	0.0	347	32
b Mining and quarrying	123	0.1	179	18
c Manufacturing	4,923	4.3	319	7
d Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	307	0.3	297	13
e Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	395	0.3	327	14
f Construction	9,356	8.2	151	9
g Wholesale & retail trade, repair of motor vehicles	19,927	17.5	76	1
h Transport and storage	6,279	5.5	88	11
i Accommodation and food service activities	4,967	4.4	271	28
j Information and communication	7,212	6.3	48	19
k Financial and insurance activities	7,137	6.3	46	20
l Real estate activities	2,033	1.8	40	21
m Professional, scientific and technical activities	11,262	9.9	34	18
n Administrative and support service activities	5,807	5.1	98	23
o Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	5,322	4.7	277	17
p Education	10,882	9.6	180	16
q Human health and social work activities	12,431	10.9	254	15
r-u Other	5,502	4.8	149	28
	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
Males				
All aged 16 - 74 in employment	61,833			
All aged 16 - 74 in employment working in:				
a Agriculture, forestry and fishing	17	0.0	348	33
b Mining and quarrying	75	0.1	234	17
c Manufacturing	3,128	5.1	321	8
d Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	244	0.4	308	11
e Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	343	0.6	327	14
f Construction	8,112	13.1	180	8
g Wholesale & retail trade, repair of motor vehicles	11,387	18.4	44	2
h Transport and storage	4,878	7.9	108	14
i Accommodation and food service activities	2,872	4.6	127	28
j Information and communication	5,154	8.3	44	17
k Financial and insurance activities	4,164	6.7	45	22
l Real estate activities	1,104	1.8	27	16
m Professional, scientific and technical activities	6,141	9.9	38	17
n Administrative and support service activities	2,954	4.8	183	27
o Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	2,468	4.0	315	21
p Education	2,901	4.7	194	23
q Human health and social work activities	3,256	5.3	124	23
r-u Other	2,635	4.3	99	27
	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
Females				
All aged 16 - 74 in employment	52,067			
All aged 16 - 74 in employment working in:				
a Agriculture, forestry and fishing	18	0.0	338	24
b Mining and quarrying	48	0.1	53	17
c Manufacturing	1,795	3.4	267	4
d Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	63	0.1	254	17
e Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	52	0.1	331	19
f Construction	1,244	2.4	66	5
g Wholesale & retail trade, repair of motor vehicles	8,540	16.4	171	2
h Transport and storage	1,401	2.7	65	6
i Accommodation and food service activities	2,095	4.0	338	29
j Information and communication	2,058	4.0	49	21
k Financial and insurance activities	2,973	5.7	56	18
l Real estate activities	929	1.8	87	24
m Professional, scientific and technical activities	5,121	9.8	31	18
n Administrative and support service activities	2,853	5.5	43	17
o Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	2,854	5.5	193	15
p Education	7,981	15.3	143	12
q Human health and social work activities	9,175	17.6	290	16
r-u Other	2,867	5.5	234	31

Source: 2011 Census Tables KS605EW, KS606EW & KS607EW, ONS, Crown Copyright

Industry

The industry in which a person aged 16 to 74 works relates to their main job, and is derived from information provided on the main activity of their employer or business. This is used to assign responses to an industry code based on the Standard Industrial Classification 2007.

Advice from the Greater London Authority (GLA) is that the data may be broadly comparable between 2001 and 2011 with the future release of more detailed data.

Industry, Other

'Other industry' includes the arts, entertainment and recreation industry; other service activities; the activities of households as employers, undifferentiated goods and services producing activities of households for own use industry; and the activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies industry.

Occupation

Occupation							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All							
All people aged 16 - 74 in employment	113,900				97,759		16.5
People aged 16 - 74 in employment working as:							
1. Managers, directors and senior officials	13,368	11.7	125	12	17,466	17.9	-23.5
2. Professional occupations	26,446	23.2	29	17	15,480	15.8	70.8
3. Associate professional and technical occupations	14,492	12.7	127	27	14,855	15.2	-2.4
4. Administrative and secretarial occupations	15,464	13.6	26	7	17,607	18.0	-12.2
5. Skilled trades occupations	10,061	8.8	318	15	7,688	7.9	30.9
6. Caring, leisure and other service occupations	8,358	7.3	335	24	5,210	5.3	60.4
7. Sales and customer service occupations	10,248	9	115	4	7,844	8.0	30.6
8. Process; plant and machine operatives	5,862	5.1	285	15	4,709	4.8	24.5
9. Elementary occupations	9,601	8.4	298	19	6,900	7.1	39.1
	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
Males							
All males aged 16 - 74 in employment	61,833				52,463		17.9
Males aged 16 - 74 in employment working as:							
1. Managers, directors and senior officials	9,217	14.9	107	11	11,851	22.6	-22.2
2. Professional occupations	14,325	23.2	28	15	9,343	17.8	53.3
3. Associate professional and technical occupations	8,252	13.3	166	28	7,691	14.7	7.3
4. Administrative and secretarial occupations	4,165	6.7	11	5	4,570	8.7	-8.9
5. Skilled trades occupations	9,209	14.9	312	14	7,102	13.5	29.7
6. Caring, leisure and other service occupations	1,701	2.8	232	28	996	1.9	70.8
7. Sales and customer service occupations	4,768	7.7	16	4	3,068	5.9	55.4
8. Process; plant and machine operatives	5,122	8.3	294	15	3,803	7.3	34.7
9. Elementary occupations	5,074	8.2	308	22	4,039	7.7	25.6
	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
Females							
All females aged 16 - 74 in employment	52,067				45,296		14.9
Females aged 16 - 74 in employment working as:							
1. Managers, directors and senior officials	4,151	8	187	21	5,615	12.4	-26.1
2. Professional occupations	12,121	23.3	35	19	6,137	13.6	97.5
3. Associate professional and technical occupations	6,240	12	89	27	7,164	15.8	-12.9
4. Administrative and secretarial occupations	11,299	21.7	46	8	13,037	28.8	-13.3
5. Skilled trades occupations	852	1.6	347	32	586	1.3	45.4
6. Caring, leisure and other service occupations	6,657	12.8	329	18	4,214	9.3	58.0
7. Sales and customer service occupations	5,480	10.5	226	8	4,776	10.5	14.7
8. Process; plant and machine operatives	740	1.4	222	7	906	2.0	-18.3
9. Elementary occupations	4,527	8.7	275	15	2,861	6.3	58.2

Source: 2011 Census Tables KS608EW, KS609EW & KS610EW, 2001 Census Tables KS012a, KS012b & KS012c, ONS, Crown Copyright

Occupation

In 2001 occupation was based on the Standard Occupational Classification 2000 - Major Group Level.

In 2011 occupation was based on the Standard Occupational Classification 2010 (SOC2010). Slight changes in names, but not classifications. Managers and senior officials is now managers, directors and senior officials. Personal service occupations is now caring, leisure and other service occupations.

National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification

National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All							
All people aged 16 - 74	174,751				150,514		16.1
All people aged 16 - 74:							
1. Higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations	24,208	13.9	62	16	18,793	12.5	28.8
1.1 Large employers and higher managerial and administrative	3,989	2.3	186	17	6,272	4.2	-36.4
1.2 Higher professional occupations	20,219	11.6	44	15	12,521	8.3	61.5
2. Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations	37,273	21.3	171	22	33,320	22.1	11.9
3. Intermediate occupations	23,869	13.7	110	7	18,090	12.0	31.9
4. Small employers and own account workers	19,353	11.1	103	4	10,865	7.2	78.1
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	7,576	4.3	334	23	7,101	4.7	6.7
6. Semi-routine occupations	18,133	10.4	311	16	12,880	8.6	40.8
7. Routine occupations	10,877	6.2	325	23	7,203	4.8	51.0
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	14,226	8.1	35	15	7,112	4.7	100.0
L14.1 Never worked	11,288	6.5	29	13	5,847	3.9	93.1
L14.2 Long-term unemployed	2,938	1.7	137	26	1,265	0.8	132.3
Not classified	19,236	11.0	61	20	21,709	14.4	-11.4
L15 Full-time students	19,236	11.0	61	20	13,441	8.9	43.1
	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
Males							
All males aged 16 - 74	86,454				72,956		18.5
Males aged 16 - 74:							
1. Higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations	15,470	17.9	68	13	13,096	18.0	18.1
1.1 Large employers and higher managerial and administrative	2,382	2.8	209	17	4,279	5.9	-44.3
1.2 Higher professional occupations	13,088	15.1	45	13	8,817	12.1	48.4
2. Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations	17,872	20.7	139	21	16,111	22.1	10.9
3. Intermediate occupations	6,653	7.7	50	10	4,903	6.7	35.7
4. Small employers and own account workers	13,833	16.0	89	7	8,161	11.2	69.5
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	5,323	6.2	332	22	5,013	6.9	6.2
6. Semi-routine occupations	7,100	8.2	294	20	4,597	6.3	54.4
7. Routine occupations	5,808	6.7	327	23	4,066	5.6	42.8
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	4,192	4.8	102	23	2,147	2.9	95.2
L14.1 Never worked	2,716	3.1	74	22	1,445	2.0	88.0
L14.2 Long-term unemployed	1,476	1.7	165	26	702	1.0	110.3
Not classified	10,203	11.8	53	15	7,935	10.9	28.6
L15 Full-time students	10,203	11.8	53	15	6,927	9.5	47.3
	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
Females							
All females aged 16 - 74	88,297				77,558		13.8
Females aged 16 - 74:							
1. Higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations	8,738	9.9	48	17	5,697	7.3	53.4
1.1 Large employers and higher managerial and administrative	1,607	1.8	126	21	1,993	2.6	-19.4
1.2 Higher professional occupations	7,131	8.1	40	17	3,704	4.8	92.5
2. Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations	19,401	22.0	205	21	17,209	22.2	12.7
3. Intermediate occupations	17,216	19.5	163	7	13,187	17.0	30.6
4. Small employers and own account workers	5,520	6.3	142	8	2,704	3.5	104.1
5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	2,253	2.6	340	25	2,088	2.7	7.9
6. Semi-routine occupations	11,033	12.5	319	15	8,283	10.7	33.2
7. Routine occupations	5,069	5.7	317	21	3,137	4.0	61.6
8. Never worked and long term unemployed	10,034	11.4	24	12	4,965	6.4	102.1
L14.1 Never worked	8,572	9.7	23	12	4,402	5.7	94.7
L14.2 Long-term unemployed	1,462	1.7	85	24	563	0.7	159.7
Not classified	9,033	10.2	67	23	13,774	17.8	-34.4
L15 Full-time students	9,033	10.2	67	23	6,514	8.4	38.7

Source: 2011 Census Tables KS611EW, KS612EW & KS613EW, 2001 Census Tables KS014a, KS014b & KS014c, ONS, Crown Copyright

National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SEC)

The rebased version of NS-SEC used in census results uses occupation coded to SOC2010. More information about the classification can be found at <http://ons.gov.uk/ons/guide-method/classifications/current-standard-classifications/soc2010/soc2010-volume-3-ns-sec--rebased-on-soc2010--user-manual/index.html>.

In 2011 Census results, because the census did not ask a question about the number of employees at a person's workplace, the reduced method of deriving NS-SEC (which does not require this information) is used.

There were two changes in classification in 2011: Large employers and higher managerial occupations now includes administrative. Lower managerial and professional occupations also now includes administrative.

Sub categories introduced: Higher managerial, administrative and professional is an umbrella classification for the two categories below it in the table. Never worked and unemployed is also an umbrella category for the two categories below it in the table.

Long-term unemployed

A person is defined as long-term unemployed at the time of the 2011 Census if they were unemployed and the year they last worked was 2009 or earlier.

NS-SEC, Not classified

NS-SEC, Not classified: The sub-category of NS-SEC 'Occupation not stated or inadequately described' which usually forms part of the 'Not classified' category is not applicable in census results because missing answers are imputed.

Multiple Ethnic Groups

Multiple Ethnic Groups							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All households	84,268				79,112		6.5
One person household	19,008	22.6	347	33	20,705	26.2	-8.2
All household members have the same ethnic group	48,162	57.2	298	3	46,647	59.0	3.2
Different ethnic group between generations only	5,086	6.0	16	17	2,831	3.6	79.7
Different ethnic group within partnerships (whether or not different ethnic groups between generations)	7,927	9.4	20	20	6,594	8.3	20.2
Any other combination of multiple ethnic groups	4,085	4.8	26	25	2,335	3.0	74.9

Source: 2011 Census Table QS202EW, 2001 Census Table UV069, ONS, Crown Copyright

Ethnic group

Ethnic group classifies people according to their own perceived ethnic group and cultural background.

Multiple ethnic groups

Multiple ethnic groups' classifies households by the diversity in ethnic group of household members in different relationships - for example, different ethnic groups between generations only, or different ethnic groups within partnerships only.

Country of Birth (Detailed)

Country of Birth (Detailed)							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All usual residents	239,056				206,814		15.6
Europe: Total	156,613	65.5	346	31	150,814	N/A	3.8
United Kingdom	132,007	55.2	343	28	138,400	N/A	-4.6
England	128,424	53.7	320	27	132,914	N/A	-3.4
Northern Ireland	680	0.3	266	26	958	N/A	-29.0
Scotland	1,591	0.7	330	28	2,411	N/A	-34.0
Wales	1,220	0.5	295	25	2,024	N/A	-39.7
Great Britain not otherwise specified	11	0.0	86	21	N/A	N/A	N/A
United Kingdom not otherwise specified	81	0.0	4	2	93	N/A	-12.9
Guernsey	4	0.0	339	33	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jersey	24	0.0	231	23	29	N/A	-17.2
Channel Island not otherwise specified	1	0.0	303	29	N/A	N/A	N/A
Isle of Man	9	0.0	331	30	18	N/A	-50.0
Ireland	4,953	2.1	7	6	6,098	N/A	-18.8
Other Europe: Total¹	19,614	8.2	29	23	N/A	N/A	N/A
EU Countries: Total	17,441	7.3	28	23	3,731	N/A	367.5
Member countries in March 2001: Total	6,176	2.6	34	23	3,731	N/A	65.5
France	1,142	0.5	25	22	675	N/A	69.2
Germany	1,446	0.6	74	18	931	N/A	55.3
Italy	678	0.3	61	28	550	N/A	23.3
Portugal	762	0.3	45	23	268	N/A	184.3
Spain (including Canary Islands)	412	0.2	57	28	393	N/A	4.8
Other member Countries in 2001	1,736	0.7	30	21	914 ²	N/A	89.9
Accession countries April 2001 to March 2011: Total	11,265	4.7	18	11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lithuania	550	0.2	53	20	16 ³	N/A	3,337.5
Poland	3,868	1.6	49	14	506	N/A	664.4
Romania	4,784	2.0	1	1	91	N/A	5,157.1
Other EU accession countries	2,063	0.9	60	28	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rest of Europe: Total	2,174	0.9	31	27	N/A	N/A	N/A
Turkey	385	0.2	43	29	240	N/A	60.4
Other Europe	1,789	0.7	30	27	N/A	N/A	N/A
Africa: Total	27,898	11.7	2	2	23,234	N/A	20.1
North Africa	1,030	0.4	24	20	682	N/A	51.0
Central and Western Africa: Total	2,639	1.1	41	27	1,774	N/A	48.8
Ghana	866	0.4	30	22	561 ⁴	N/A	54.4
Nigeria	1,154	0.5	42	25	634	N/A	82.0
Other Central and Western Africa	619	0.3	46	29	1,140 ⁵	N/A	-45.7

Country of Birth (Detailed) - continued

Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
South and Eastern Africa: Total	23,702	9.9	1	1	20,778	N/A	14.1
Kenya	11,706	4.9	1	1	10,259	N/A	14.1
Somalia	2,241	0.9	14	12	1,231	N/A	82.0
South Africa	1,074	0.4	83	23	1,029	N/A	4.4
Zimbabwe	462	0.2	124	23	434	N/A	6.5
Other South and Eastern Africa	8,219	3.4	2	1	7,825	N/A	5.0
Africa not otherwise specified	527	0.2	3	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Middle East and Asia: Total	49,123	20.5	6	6	27,483	N/A	78.7
Middle East: Total	4,382	1.8	10	9	3,166	N/A	38.4
Iran	1,198	0.5	11	11	774	N/A	54.8
Other Middle East	3,184	1.3	10	9	2,392 ^b	N/A	33.1
Middle East and Asia: Eastern Asia: Total⁷	1,832	0.8	59	25	1,305	N/A	40.4
China	606	0.3	77	27	366	N/A	65.6
Hong Kong (special Administrative Region of China)	758	0.3	34	15	695	N/A	9.1
Other Eastern Asia	468	0.2	36	22	1,966 ^b	N/A	-76.2
Middle East and Asia: South-East Asia: Total	2,055	0.9	54	4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Philippines	789	0.3	53	22	276 ^b	N/A	185.9
Other South-East Asia	1,266	0.5	46	28	N/A	N/A	N/A
Middle East and Asia: Southern Asia: Total	40,824	17.1	6	5	21,261	N/A	92.0
Bangladesh	700	0.3	56	23	538	N/A	30.1
India	21,539	9.0	4	3	12,421	N/A	73.4
Pakistan	3,582	1.5	40	11	1,984	N/A	80.5
Sri Lanka	10,392	4.3	1	1	5,239	N/A	98.4
Other Southern Asia	4,611	1.9	5	4	1,079 ¹⁰	N/A	327.3
Middle East and Asia: Central Asia	30	0.0	95	32	N/A	N/A	N/A
The Americas and the Caribbean: Total	4,687	2.0	36	25	N/A	N/A	N/A
The Americas and the Caribbean: North America: Total	928	0.4	111	24	3,346	N/A	-72.3
United States	683	0.3	98	23	618	N/A	10.5
Other North America	245	0.1	174	28	282 ¹¹	N/A	-13.1
Central America	52	0.0	109	27	56 ¹²	N/A	-7.1
South America	937	0.4	38	29	696	N/A	34.6
The Caribbean: Total	2,770	1.2	23	18	2,446 ¹³	N/A	13.2
Jamaica	1,691	0.7	21	14	1,388	N/A	21.8
Other Caribbean	1,079	0.5	28	21	1,058 ¹⁴	N/A	2.0
Antarctica and Oceania: Total	733	0.3	92	25	763 ¹⁵	N/A	-3.9
Antarctica	0	0.0	30	29	0 ¹⁶	N/A	N/A
Australasia: Total	733	0.3	92	25	763 ¹⁷	N/A	-3.9
Australia	358	0.1	120	26	366	N/A	-2.2
Other Australasia	231	0.1	97	27	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other Oceania	144	0.1	15	2	119	N/A	21.0
Other	2	0.0	23	5	657	N/A	-99.7

Source: 2011 Census Table QS203EW, 2001 Census Table UV008, ONS, Crown Copyright

Country of Birth (Detailed) - continued

Country of birth

Country of birth is the country in which a person was born. The country of birth question included six tick box responses - one for each of the four parts of the UK, one for the Republic of Ireland, and one for 'Elsewhere'. Where a person ticked 'Elsewhere', they were asked to write in the current name of the country in which they were born. Responses are assigned codes based on the National Statistics Country Classification.

The grouping of countries within the classification is broadly regional, but takes into account the grouping of European Union (EU) countries. Countries in the EU are grouped into those that were EU members in March 2001, and those that became members (Accession countries) between April 2001 and March 2011 as part of the EU enlargement process.

When a person's written response to the country of birth question was a former country name, and the country that it relates to no longer exists and is not wholly contained within the geographic boundary of a current country, the response was coded to one of the additional categories contained in the 'Former country' grouping. For example, 'Czechoslovakia' was coded to 'Czechoslovakia not otherwise specified'.

Ireland now includes people who ticked the Republic of Ireland and those who wrote in "Island of Ireland" or Ireland (plus Ulster which spans both north and south) Northern Ireland is those recorded this ticked box.

*1 Europe other than GB/UK/EU countries

*2 Total is assumed, it is a sum of all 2001 defined countries not listed in 2011 (Commissioned Table C0413)

*3 Source is Commissioned Table C0413

*4 Source is Commissioned Table C0413

*5 The total is a sum of DRC, Sierra Leone and Other Central and Western Africa

*6 Other Middle East is the sum total of Cyprus, Iraq and the Other Middle East category

*7 2001 Census: Called the Far East

*8 Calculated by summing Other Far East from 2001 with Japan, Malaysia and Singapore

*9 Source is Commissioned Table C0413

*10 Sum total of Afghanistan and Other Southern Asia category

*11 Total calculated by other North America and Canada totals for 2001

*12 People born in Central America were included in North America in 2001 Census. 2001 Census numbers suggest those in 'Other North America' are from Central America

*13 Total is the sum of Jamaica and Other Caribbean

*14 Other Caribbean and West Indies in 2001 Census

*15 Total is called only Oceania in 2001

*16 Assumed 0 as other fields total 763

*17 Assumed that total is the same as the Antarctica and Oceania total as there are no residents from Antarctica

Ethnic Group (Detailed)

Ethnic Group (Detailed)				
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
All usual residents	239,056			
White: English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British	73,826	30.9	345	30
White: Irish	7,336	3.1	6	6
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	181	0.1	200	19
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black Caribbean	2,344	1.0	58	25
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Black African	1,053	0.4	46	28
Mixed/multiple ethnic group: White and Asian	3,417	1.4	11	11
Asian/Asian British: Indian or British Indian	63,051	26.4	2	1
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani or British Pakistani	7,797	3.3	40	10
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi, British Bangladeshi	1,378	0.6	58	23
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	2,629	1.1	42	23
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: African	8,526	3.6	34	26
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: Caribbean	6,812	2.8	23	18
Other ethnic group: Arab	3,708	1.6	8	7
Afghan	4,201	1.8	3	3
African/Arab	43	0.0	23	16
Albanian	251	0.1	16	15
Anglo Indian	280	0.1	2	2
Argentinian	10	0.0	73	24
Australian/New Zealander	261	0.1	103	30
Baltic States	490	0.2	83	25
Black and Asian	174	0.1	14	12
Black and Chinese	5	0.0	53	25
Black and White	94	0.0	58	29
Black British	1,917	0.8	19	16
Black European	5	0.0	70	24
Black/African American	7	0.0	164	32
Bosnian	20	0.0	52	21
Brazilian	124	0.1	46	28
British Asian	861	0.4	2	1
Burmese	59	0.0	33	26
Cambodia	1	0.0	169	31
Caribbean Asian	108	0.0	19	17
Chilean	1	0.0	235	31
Chinese and White	97	0.0	53	23
Colombian	24	0.0	40	30
Commonwealth of (Russian) Independent States	506	0.2	32	26
Croatian	21	0.0	64	33
Cuban	7	0.0	28	16
Cypriot (part not stated)	99	0.0	44	26
East African Asian	626	0.3	1	1
Ecuadorian	0	0.0	=115	31
European Mixed	2,487	1.0	35	26
Filipino	877	0.4	59	26
Greek	335	0.1	38	24
Greek Cypriot	265	0.1	16	12

Ethnic Group (Detailed) - continued

Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
Indonesian	44	0.0	45	22
Iranian	1,221	0.5	10	10
Israeli	70	0.0	13	10
Italian	706	0.3	57	28
Japanese	267	0.1	31	22
Kashmiri	72	0.0	51	5
Korean	170	0.1	34	18
Kosovan	327	0.1	12	12
Kurdish	299	0.1	43	18
Latin/South/Central American	399	0.2	39	30
Malaysian	109	0.0	62	25
Mexican	17	0.0	105	26
Moroccan	103	0.0	15	13
Multi-ethnic islands	432	0.2	32	21
Nepalese (includes Gurkha)	1,502	0.6	13	5
Nigerian	19	0.0	29	20
North African	235	0.1	23	22
North American	356	0.1	115	25
Other Eastern European	4,479	1.9	5	5
Other Middle East	371	0.2	12	10
Other Western European	2,238	0.9	58	27
Peruvian	23	0.0	7	7
Polish	3,551	1.5	47	12
Polynesia/Micronesia/Melanesia	70	0.0	38	10
Punjabi	11	0.0	58	14
Serbian	53	0.0	42	24
Sinhalese	83	0.0	3	3
Somali	850	0.4	17	13
Somalilander	159	0.1	13	9
South Asian and Chinese	39	0.0	3	3
Sri Lankan	12,409	5.2	1	1
Taiwanese	9	0.0	65	21
Tamil	2,849	1.2	1	1
Thai	99	0.0	235	32
Turkish	481	0.2	34	27
Turkish Cypriot	23	0.0	74	30
Venezuelan	8	0.0	39	16
Vietnamese	81	0.0	76	32
White African	25	0.0	160	32
White and Arab	97	0.0	26	19
White and East Asian	47	0.0	28	21
White and North African or Middle Eastern	25	0.0	22	11
White and South Asian	97	0.0	1	1
White Caribbean	9	0.0	87	32
Any other ethnic group	8,208	3.4	22	21

Source: 2011 Census Table QS209EW, ONS, Crown Copyright

Ethnic group

Ethnic group classifies people according to their own perceived ethnic group and cultural background.

Tables QS209EW Ethnic group (detailed) and CT0010EW Ethnic group (write-in responses) supplement 'KS201EW Ethnic group', published on 11 December 2011. QS209EW expands the standard 18 ethnic group response categories.

Only limited comparisons can be made with Table SCT208 (CO183) from the 2001 Census, as the 'corresponding' 2001 Census table has a lower threshold of 200 people per ethnic group category.

Religion (Detailed)

Religion (Detailed)							
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
All usual residents	239,056				206,814		15.6
Christian	89,181	37.31	344	30	97,498* ¹	47.14	-8.53
Buddhist	2,700	1.13	16	13	1,390	0.67	94.24
Hindu	60,407	25.27	1	1	40,548	19.61	48.98
Jewish	10,538	4.41	6	4	13,112	6.34	-19.63
Muslim (Islam)	29,881	12.50	24	13	14,915	7.21	100.34
Sikh	2,752	1.15	38	9	2,073	1.00	32.75
Other religion: Total	5,945	2.49	1	1	4,208	2.03	41.28
Other religion: Animism	2	0.00	141	19	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Baha'i	51	0.02	25	7	34	0.02	50.00
Other religion: Believe in God	15	0.01	83	28	12	0.01	25.00
Other religion: Brahma Kumari	22	0.01	6	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Chinese Religion	1	0.00	57	17	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Church of All Religion	0	0.00	183	=29	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Confucianist	1	0.00	60	14	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Deist	2	0.00	263	31	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Druid	6	0.00	331	27	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Druze	1	0.00	66	24	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Eckankar	5	0.00	30	11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Heathen	5	0.00	244	19	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Jain	5,188	2.17	1	1	3,554	1.72	45.98
Other religion: Mixed Religion	88	0.04	182	21	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Mysticism	0	0.00	116	=17	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Native American Church	0	0.00	87	=8	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: New Age	3	0.00	130	15	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Occult	0	0.00	202	=27	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Own Belief System	3	0.00	284	32	11	0.01	-72.73
Other religion: Pagan	76	0.03	346	31	71	0.03	7.04
Other religion: Pantheism	1	0.00	327	32	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Rastafarian	20	0.01	163	29	20	0.01	0.00
Other religion: Ravidassia	14	0.01	50	11	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Reconstructionist	0	0.00	140	=27	N/A	N/A	N/A

Religion (Detailed) - continued

Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London	2001 Data	2001 %	2001-11 % Change
Other religion: Satanism	0	0.00	327	=31	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Scientology	5	0.00	173	26	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Shamanism	2	0.00	190	19	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Shintoism	8	0.00	55	20	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Spiritual	39	0.02	252	30	88	0.04	-55.68
Other religion: Spiritualist	53	0.02	346	32	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Taoist	15	0.01	167	23	26	0.01	-42.31
Other religion: Theism	3	0.00	152	27	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Thelemite	0	0.00	102	=18	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Traditional African Religion	1	0.00	156	30	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Unification Church	34	0.01	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Universalist	4	0.00	141	19	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Vodun	2	0.00	51	9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Wicca	21	0.01	337	26	16	0.01	31.25
Other religion: Witchcraft	0	0.00	305	=29	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other religion: Zoroastrian	178	0.07	2	2	163	0.08	9.20
Other religion: Other religions	76	0.03	64	25	400* ²	N/A	-81.00
No religion: Total	22,871	9.57	347	32	18,674	9.03	22.48
No religion: No religion	22,283	9.32	348	33	17,183	8.31	29.68
No religion: Agnostic	66	0.03	333	31	46	0.02	43.48
No religion: Atheist	70	0.03	320	31	36	0.02	94.44
No religion: Free Thinker	0	0.00	218	=26	N/A	N/A	N/A
No religion: Heavy Metal	12	0.01	283	30	N/A	N/A	N/A
No religion: Humanist	64	0.03	170	20	34	0.02	88.24
No religion: Jedi Knight	376	0.16	343	29	1,319	0.64	-71.49
No religion: Realist	0	0.00	186	=21	N/A	N/A	N/A
Religion not stated	14,781	6.18	311	33	14,095	6.82	0.33

Source: 2011 Census Table QS210EW, 2001 Census Tables CO820 & KS007, ONS, Crown Copyright

Religion

This is a person's current religion, or if the person does not have a religion, 'no religion'. No determination is made about whether a person was a practicing member of a religion. Unlike other census questions where missing answers are imputed, this question was voluntary, and where no answer was provided the response is categorised as 'Not stated'.

2001 Census totals will not sum, as data has been taken from more than one table and cells have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

*1 Includes 2001 Census categories of Anglican, Baptist, Church of England, Church of God, Greek Orthodox, Methodist, Orthodox Church, Pentecostal, Quakers, Roman Catholics & Seventh Day Adventists.

*2 Includes 2001 Census categories of Mormons, Jehovah's Witness, Other Religions and Religion not described. This category may not be directly comparable with the 2011 Census definition.

Year of Arrival in UK

Year of Arrival in UK				
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
All usual residents	239,056			
Born in the UK	132,007	55.2	343	28
Arrived before 1941	463	0.2	26	6
Arrived 1941-1950	833	0.3	48	13
Arrived 1951-1960	3,187	1.3	19	15
Arrived 1961-1970	10,694	4.5	3	3
Arrived 1971-1980	17,006	7.1	1	1
Arrived 1981-1990	11,660	4.9	6	6
Arrived 1991-2000	19,390	8.1	13	13
Arrived 2001-2003	10,146	4.2	18	17
Arrived 2004-2006	13,398	5.6	15	14
Arrived 2007-2009	14,574	6.1	19	16
Arrived 2010-11	5,698	2.4	32	22

Source: 2011 Census Table QS801EW, ONS, Crown Copyright

Year of Arrival

The year of arrival in the UK is derived from the date that a person last arrived to live in the UK. Short visits away from the UK are not counted in determining the date that a person last arrived.

Year of arrival is only applicable to usual residents who were not born in the UK. It does not include usual residents born in the UK who have emigrated and since returned - these are recorded in the category 'Born in the UK'.

Age of Arrival in the UK

Age of Arrival in the UK				
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
All usual residents	239,056			
Born in the UK	132,007	55.2	343	28
Age of Arrival in UK: 0 to 4	9,609	4.0	4	4
Age of Arrival in UK: 5 to 7	4,876	2.0	3	3
Age of Arrival in UK: 8 to 9	3,285	1.4	2	2
Age of Arrival in UK: 10 to 14	8,668	3.6	3	3
Age of Arrival in UK: 15	2,050	0.9	3	3
Age of Arrival in UK: 16 to 17	5,639	2.4	3	3
Age of Arrival in UK: 18 to 19	7,604	3.2	7	7
Age of Arrival in UK: 20 to 24	21,660	9.1	14	14
Age of Arrival in UK: 25 to 29	17,178	7.2	19	19
Age of Arrival in UK: 30 to 44	19,535	8.2	10	10
Age of Arrival in UK: 45 to 59	4,914	2.1	4	4
Age of Arrival in UK: 60 to 64	851	0.4	2	2
Age of Arrival in UK: 65 to 74	920	0.4	1	1
Age of Arrival in UK: 75 to 84	230	0.1	1	1
Age of Arrival in UK: 85 to 89	25	0.0	3	3
Age of Arrival in UK: 90 and over	5	0.0	45	18

Source: 2011 Census Table QS802EW, ONS, Crown Copyright

Year of Arrival

The year of arrival in the UK is derived from the date that a person last arrived to live in the UK. Short visits away from the UK are not counted in determining the date that a person last arrived.

Year of arrival is only applicable to usual residents who were not born in the UK. It does not include usual residents born in the UK who have emigrated and since returned - these are recorded in the category 'Born in the UK'.

Length of Residence in the UK

Length of Residence in the UK				
Harrow	2011 Data	2011 %	2011 Rank - National	2011 Rank - London
All usual residents	239,056			
Born in the UK	132,007	55.2	343	28
Resident in UK: Less than 2 years	9,399	3.9	28	21
Resident in UK: 2 years or more but less than 5 years	14,500	6.1	18	15
Resident in UK: 5 years or more but less than 10 years	19,045	8.0	17	16
Resident in UK: 10 years or more	64,105	26.8	2	2

Source: 2011 Census Table QS803EW, ONS, Crown Copyright

Year of Arrival

The length of residence in the UK is derived from the date that a person last arrived to live in the UK. Short visits away from the UK are not counted in determining the date that a person last arrived.

Length of residence is only applicable to usual residents who were not born in the UK. It does not include usual residents born in the UK who have emigrated and since returned - these are recorded in the category 'Born in the UK'.